Rules for International Wushu Taolu Competition

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CHAPTER 1 ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

Article 1 Competition Committee

The Competition Committee of the World Championships and the World Cup shall be composed of wushu experts appointed by the International Wushu Federation and the Organizing Committee. It is held responsible for all work of the Competition. According to the scale of competition, each continental, regional or national federation may form its own Competition Committee or Department composed of technical officials to take charge of the whole organizational work of the Competition under the leadership of the Organizing Committee.

Article 2 Jury of Appeal

2.1 The Jury of Appeal shall be composed of one (1) chairman, one (1) vice chairman and three (3), five (5) or seven (7) members.

2.2 Duties:

2.2.1 To accept a team's appeal and make timely decisions -- without, however, changing the judge's scoring results.

2.2.2 The decisions of the Jury of Appeal are valid only when more than half of its members have voted for it. In case of a tie vote, the chairman of the Jury of Appeal shall have the right to make the final decision. No Jury member shall participate in the discussion and voting on issues in which his Association is involved. 2.2.3 The decisions of the Jury of Appeal shall be final.

Article 3 Officials

3.1 Contest Judges

3.1.1 One (1) chief referee and one (1) or two (2) assistant chief referees;3.1.2 Each jury shall consist of ten (10) members, namely, one (1) head judge and three (3) judges in Panel A, Panel B and Panel C each.

3.1.3 One chief scheduler-recorder.

3.1.4 One chief registrar.

3.1.5 Support staff

3.2.1 3-5 assistant scheduler-recorders;

3.2.2 3-6 registrars;
3.2.3 1-2 announcers;
3.2.4 1-2 sound technicians; and
3.2.5 2-4 video cameramen working for the Jury of Appeal.

Article 4 Duties of Contest Officials

The contest officials shall work under the leadership of the Competition Committee. Their duties are as follows:

4.1 The chief referee shall

4.1.1 Organize and lead the work of juries and see to it that the Competition Rules are carried out and everything is ready for competition;

4.1.2 Interpret the Rules and Regulations but have no right to alter them;

4.1.3 Replace officials in the process of competition, if necessary, and have the right to take disciplinary actions against officials who have committed serious mistakes;

4.1.4 Give warnings to competitors and coaches making trouble at the competition site and, if they refuse to listen to advice, to propose to the Technical Committee to take strict measures against them, including cancellation of their results; and 4.1.5 Examine and announce the results of competition, and make a summary of the officiating work.

4.2 The assistant chief referees shall

4.2.1 Assist the chief referee;

4.2.2 One of them shall act on his behalf in his absence.

4.3 The head judge shall

4.3.1 Organize his jury to study and implement the Rules;

4.3.2 Award bonus points for innovative difficult movements;

4.3.3 Deduct points for repetitive movements and for overtime or undertime performances;

4.3.4 Propose to the chief referee to take appropriate measures against judges who have made serious misjudgments; and

4.3.5 Participate in Panel B's evaluation of overall performance.

4.4 The judges shall

4.4.1 Do their best in the jury under the guidance of its head judge;

4.4.2 Evaluate independently in conformity with the Rules, and keep a detailed record;

4.4.3 Be responsible, as members of Panel A, for evaluating the quality of movements

in competitors' whole routines; 4.4.4 Be responsible, as members of Panel B, for evaluating the overall performance of competitors' whole routines; and 4.4.5 Be responsible, as members of Panel C, for evaluating the degree of difficulty of competitors' whole routines. 4.5 The chief scheduler-recorder shall 4.5.1 Work out a whole plan for recording and scheduling, examine the entry forms, the scoresheets of difficult movements in optional taolu, and compile a Programme as required by the Competition; 4.5.2 Prepare other necessary forms and charts, and check and verify the results and placings; and 4.5.3 Compile a *Results*. 4.6 The chief registrar shall be responsible for the entire registration, and report

Article 5 Duties of Support Staff

5.1 The scheduler-recorders shall work as assigned by the chief scheduler-recorder. 5.2 The registrars shall keep a timely record of competitions according to the starting order; inspect the competitors' apparatus and costumes; guide the competitors into the competition area; and submit the registration forms to the head judge.

to the chief referee and notify the announcers of the resultant changes, if any.

5.3 The announcers shall introduce the competitors to the audience, announce their results, and provide useful information about the Rules and Regulations, the characteristics of the going-on event and a general idea of taolu competition.

5.4 The sound technicians shall

5.4.1 Collect all tapes or CD's at the first registration for events with musical accompaniment, and number them according to the starting order of competition; 5.4.2 Play the music when the competitor has stood still on the carpet for three (3) seconds;

5.4.3 Return all the tapes and CD's to the teams immediately after the competition, without damaging, lending or copying them.

5.5 The video cameramen working the Jury of Appeal shall

5.5.1 Film all the competition events;

5.5.2 Replay videotapes at the request of the Jury of Appeal; and

5.5.3 Keep all the videotapes according to the Competition Committee.

CHAPTER 2 GENERAL RULES FOR COMPETITION

Article 6 Types of Competition

- 6.1 The Competition is divided into
- 6.1.1 Individual competition;
- 6.1.2 Team competition; and
- 6.1.3 Individual/team competition.
- 6.2 The Competition may be divided into
- 6.2.1 Senior competition;
- 6.2.2 Junior competition; and
- 6.2.3 Children's competition.

Article 7 Competition Events

- 7.1 Changquan (long-range boxing; CQ)
- 7.2 Nanquan (southern-style boxing; NQ)
- 7.3 Taijiquan (taiji boxing; TJQ)
- 7.4 Jianshu (swordplay; JS)
- 7.5 Daoshu (broadswordplay; DS)
- 7.6 Qiangshu (spearplay; QS)
- 7.7 Gunshu (cudgelplay; GS)
- 7.8 Taijijian (taiji swordplay; TJJ)
- 7.9 Nandao (southern-style broadswordplay; ND)
- 7.10 Nangun (southern-style cudgelplay; NG)

7.11 Duilian (dual events; DL), subdivided into duilian without weapons; duilian with weapons; and duilian with bare hands against weapons.7.12 Jiti (group events; JT)

Article 8 Age-groups in Competition

- 8.1 Senior: full age of 18 and above
- 8.2 Junior: from 12 to 18
- 8.3 Children: under 12

Article 9 Appeals

9.1 Scope of appeals

The Jury of Appeal shall handle appeals submitted by a participating team which disagrees with deductions made by the head judge or with Panel C's judgment against members of the team in the process of competition.

9.2 Procedures & requirements for appeals

If a participating team disagrees with the judges' decisions against its members, the appeal shall be submitted by the team leader or coach in written form to the Jury of Appeal within 15 minutes after the conclusion of the event concerned, together with an appeal fee of US\$100. Each appeal is limited to one issue.

The Jury of Appeal shall examine the case through videotapes. If the judgment made by the jury proves to be correct, the appealing team shall abide by it. If any trouble-making is caused by disobedience, the Jury of Appeal may, according to the severity of the case, propose to the IWUF Technical Committee to take strict measures, including cancellation of the competition results. If the judgment made by the jury proves to be wrong, the Jury of Appeal shall propose to the IWUF Technical Committee to take measures, in accordance with regulations concerned, against the wrong judgment. The appeal fee shall be returned. But the original results shall not be changed.

Article 10 Determination of the Starting Order of Competition

The starting order of competition for each event shall be determined by drawing lots conducted by the scheduling-recording group under the supervision of the Competition Committee and the chief referee. If both preliminaries and finals are held, the starting order in the finals shall be determined by the results of the preliminaries, with the lowest scorer appearing first and the highest scorer appearing last. In case of a tie in the preliminaries, the starting order shall be determined by drawing lots.

Article 11 Registry

Competitors shall arrive at the designated place 40 minutes prior to the competition for the first roll-call and for an inspection of the costume and apparatus. The second roll-call will take place 20 minutes, and the third roll-call 10 minutes, before the competition starts.

Article 12 Protocol

At the roll-call and the announcement of final scores, the competitors should give the head judge a fist-palm salute.

Article 13 Timekeeping

Timekeeping shall start when the competitor begins his performance from a stationary position and stop when his whole routine ends in a standing position.

Article 14 Display of Scores

The competitors' scores shall be displayed to the public.

Article 15 Default

Any failure to come in time for registry and competition shall be treated as default.

Article 16 Anti-doping Test

Anti-doping tests shall be conducted according to IOC's regulations and IWUF's requirements.

Article 17 Placing

17.1 Placing in individual (including duilian) competition Competitors in individual events shall be placed according to their scores, with the best scorer placed first, the second best scorer placed second, and so on and so forth. 17.2 Placing in individual all-around competition Competitors in the individual all-around event shall be placed according to their total scores or to specific methods provided in the Regulations, with the best scorer placed first, the second best scorer placed second, and so on and so forth. 17.3 Placing in group events The group with the best score shall be placed first, the group with the second best score placed second, and so on and so forth. 17.4 Team placing Teams shall be placed according to methods provided in the Regulations of competition. 17.5 Tied Scores 17.5.1 Tied scores in individual events shall be solved in the following ways: 17.5.1.1 The competitor who has successfully completed movements of higher degrees of difficulty shall be placed higher;

17.5.1.2 The competitor who has completed a greater number of difficult movements shall be placed higher;

17.5.1.3 The competitor with a higher score for difficult movements shall be placed higher;

17.5.1.4 If the tie remains, the competitor with a higher score for overall performance shall be placed higher;

17.5.1.5 If the tie remains, the competitor with a lower deduction of points for overall performance shall be placed higher;

17.5.1.6 If the tie remains, the tied competitors shall share the place.

17.5.1.7 In competitions with preliminaries and finals, the competitor with better results in the preliminaries shall be placed higher. If the tie remains, the placing in the finals shall be determined as provided in the above paragraphs.

17.5.2 In the individual all-around event, the competitor who ranks first in more individual events shall be placed higher. If the tie remains, the competitor who ranks second in more individual events shall be placed higher, and so on and so forth. In case of an equal number of places in all individual events, the tied competitors shall share the place.

17.5.3 In events without specific requirements for degree of difficulty, the placing shall be determined as provided in 17.5.1.4-6 for individual events.

17.5.4 In the team total points, the team which ranks first in more individual events shall be placed higher. If the tie remains, the team with more second places in individual events shall be placed higher, and so on and so forth. In case of an equal number of places in all individual events, the tied teams shall share the place.

Article 18 Application for Recognition of Innovative Movements

18.1 Principles of Innovation

All innovative movements must conform with the intrinsic characteristics of wushu and the laws governing exercises; their execution requires a high level of specific qualities and skills; and they are not included in Grade B and above in the tables for determining the grades and values of difficult movements in optional events. Innovative jumps and tumbles should contain difficult connections. 18.2 Procedure of Application

18.2.1 Application can be made only once for each innovative movement.

18.2.2 The applicant team should fill out an Application Form for Innovative Movements in Optional Routines and supply a technical chart and a videotape of the movements done by the competitor himself. These materials should be sent to the IWSF Technical Committee at least sixty (60) days (according to the postmark) before the commencement of the Competition.

18.3 The assessment organization

The Assessment Committee shall be composed of five (5) or seven (7) wushu experts appointed by the IWUF Technical Committee to assess the innovative movements in optional routines.

18.4 Procedure of Assessment

The Assessment Committee shall discuss the application with reference to the principles of innovation. A two-thirds majority of votes by the committee members is required for the recognition of an innovative movement in regard to its name, grade, value and code, as well as criteria for non-recognition. The Assessment Committee shall notify the applicant team in time. The Jury of Appeal and the juries shall also be notified in written form prior to the Competition.

Article 19 Other Competition Regulations

19.1 Registration of degrees of difficulty

Each competitor shall choose the degrees of difficulty according to the Competition Rules and Regulations and fill out an Application and Assessment Form for the Degree of Difficulty in Optional Routines via designated website, taking into account the value of innovative movements when determining the starting score for his optional routines. The Registration Form, confirmed and signed by the team coach, shall be submitted to the host organization, at least thirty (30) days before the commencement of the Competition.

12.2 Duration of routines

19.2.1 Routines of changquan, nanquan, jianshu, daoshu, qiangshu, gunshu, nandao and nangun shall last for no less than 1 minute and 20 seconds for the seniors, and for no less than 1 minute and 10 seconds for the juniors and children.

19.2.2 Optional routines of taijiquan and taijijian and group events shall last for 3-4 minutes. Compulsory routines of taijiquan shall last for 5-6 minutes.

19.2.3 Dual routines shall last for no less than 50 seconds.

19.3 Musical accompaniment

Routines with musical accompaniment as provided in the Regulations shall be conducted to melodies without words. The competitor may choose a piece of music on his own to match the choreography.

19.4 Costume

All judges shall wear uniforms and badges showing their grades. All competitors shall wear competition costumes (see bylaws) with numbers on them.

19.5 Competition Area

19.5.1 Competitions shall be held in competition areas designated by the IWUF. Individual events shall be conducted on a 14 m x 8 m carpet, surrounded by a 2-m-wide safety area. Group events shall be conducted on a 16 m x 14 m carpet, surrounded by a 1-meter-wide safety area. The edges of the carpet shall be marked with a 5-cm-wide white band.

19.5.2 The ceiling shall be at least 8 m over the carpet.

19.5.3 The distance between two carpets shall be at least 6 m.

19.5.4 The vertical luminance of the competition area shall be over 1500 LUX, and the horizontal luminance over 800 LUX.

19.6 Competition apparatus

19.6.1 Ony IWUF-designated apparatus shall be used in competition.

19.6.2 When a sword or broadsword is held in a competitor's left hand, its tip shall be no lower than his ear-top. The length of a cudgel shall be no shorter than the performer's height, and the length of a spear no shorter than the distance from the floor up to his middle fingertip when he stands upright with his arm held straight overhead. When a southern-style broadsword is held in his left hand, its tip shall be no lower than his lower jaw.

19.7 Competition equipment

A large-scale Competition shall be equipped with four (4) video cameras, three (3) video players, three (3) television sets, and a complete set of computer scoring system and sound system.

19.8 These Rules apply to all IWUF Taolu Competitions.

CHAPTER 3

SCORING METHODS & CRITERIA

Article 20 Scoring Methods & Criteria for Optional EVENTS

20.1 Scoring methods

20.1.1 The jury shall be composed of three (3) judges in Panel A responsible for evaluating the quality of movements; three judges in Panel B responsible for evaluating the overall performance and the head judge, and three judges in Panel C responsible for evaluating the degree of difficulty.

20.1.2 The full starting score for all events is ten (10) points (not counting bonus for innovative movements), including five (5) points for the quality of movements, three (3) points for the overall performance, and two (2) points for the degree of difficulty.

A competitor's starting score means the total value he claims for the degree of difficulty, overall performance and quality of movements.

20.1.3 The judges in Panel A shall deduct points according to the errors committed by a competitor during his performance of the whole routine.

21.1.4 The four judges in Panel B shall evaluate the overall performance of the whole routine and deduct points for choreographical errors in it. The highest point and the lowest point shall be deducted. The average of the two middle scores shall be awarded to the competitor as points for grade of overall performance.

All choreographical errors found in the performance and resultant deductions shall come into effect only with the simultaneous confirmation by at least two of the four panel members. The total of deducted points shall be the deduction for choreographical errors.

20.1.5 The judges in Panel C shall confirm the degree of difficulty completed by the competitor in his actual performance.

20.2 Scoring criteria

20.2.1 Scoring criteria for quality of movements

When a competitor commits an error in regard to standards of movements, 0.1 point shall be deducted; and 0.1-0.3 point shall be deducted for other errors. (Refer to Table 1-1 Deduction Criteria in Standards of Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu, and Gunshu; Table 1-2 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 1-3 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun; Table 1-4

Deduction Criteria for Other Errors in Optional Events and (Individual) Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty)

20.2.2 Scoring criteria for overall performance

The scoring for overall performance includes evaluation for grading and choreography of a routine.

20.2.2.1 Evaluation for grading

In regard to power, harmony, rhythm, style and musical accompaniment, overall performance is graded into three (3) levels and nine (9) sublevels, with 3.00-2.51 points for "superior", 2.50-1.91 points for "average", and 1.90-1.01 points for "inferior".

As a whole, a competitor is required to perform with standard movements, correct methods, full force flowing smoothly to the right points, good coordination between hands and eyes, between body and steps (between apparatus and body for events with apparatus), distinct rhythm, conspicuous style, and unison between movements and accompanying music. All these elements should be taken into consideration in grading the technical execution of a competitor's routine.

20.2.2.2 Scoring criteria for choreography

20.2.2.2.1 0.2 point shall be deducted for missing each compulsory movement as provided in the Regulations of Optional Events;

20.2.2.2.2 0.1-0.5 point shall be deducted for each error in regard to the structure, composition and musical accompaniment of the routine.

(Refer to Table 2-1 Criteria for Grading and Evaluating Overall performance and Deductions for Choreographical Errors in Optional Events)

20.2.3 Criteria for evaluating degree of difficulty

20.2.3.1 Degree of difficulty (1.40 points)

According to the tables under Grading and Evaluating the Degree of Difficulty for Movements in Optional Events, 0.20 point will be awarded for an A-Part, 0.30 point for a B-Part, and 0.40 point for a C-Part. A total in excess of 1.40 points for each grade shall be considered 1.40 points.

(Refer to Table 4-1 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu; Table 4-2 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 4-3 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun)

If the competitor's movements fail to meet the requirements for degree of difficulty provided in the Regulations, no bonus for such will be given.

(Refer to Table 4-4 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu; Table 4-5 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 4-6 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Nanquan, Nandaoshu and Nandao)

20.2.3.2 Degree of Difficulty for Connecting Movements (0.60 point) According to the degree of difficulty for connecting movements under Table for Grading and Evaluating the Degree of Difficulty for Connecting Movements in Optional Events, 0.1 point shall be awarded for a connecting A-Part, 0.15 point for a connecting B-Part, 0.2 point for a connecting C-Part, and 0.25 point for a connecting D-Part. The total for each category shall not exceed 0.6 point.

(Refer to Table 4-1 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu; Table 4-2 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 4-3 Determination of Grade and Value of Difficult Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun)

If a competitor's connecting movements fail to meet the requirements for the degree of difficulty, no bonus shall be given.

(Refer to Table 4-4 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu; Table 4-5 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 4-6 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun)

If only points for degree of difficulty are needed, choice can only be made from among difficult movements under 1.4 point and among difficult connections under 0.6 point. 20.2.3.3 Bonus for innovative movements

For the successful performance of an innovative movement applying for recognition, bonus shall be awarded by the head judge beyond 10 points according to criteria for assessment: 0.10 point for an innovative B-Part (including connecting movements), 0.15 point for an innovative C-Part (including connecting movements); and 0.20 point for an innovative Super C-Part.

No bonus shall be given for an innovative movement which fails in completion, or which is not in conformity with the degree of difficulty as specified for assessment.

Article 21 Scoring Methods and Criteria for Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty

21.1 Events without specific requirements for degree of difficulty include:

21.1.1 Compulsory routines in various events;

21.1.2 Dual events;

21.1.3 Group events; and

21.1.4 Optional routines in which no requirements are made in the Regulations to use degree of difficulty.

21.2 Scoring methods

21.2.1 The jury shall be composed of three (3) judges in Panel A responsible for evaluating the quality of movements, three (3) judges in Panel B responsible for evaluating the overall performance, and the head judge.

21.2.2 The full score for each event shall be ten (10) points, including five (5) points for the quality of movements and five (5) points for the overall performance. 21.2.3 The judges in Panel A shall deduct points according to the errors committed by a competitor in his performance.

21.2.4 The three judges in Panel B, together with the head judge, shall evaluate the overall performance of the whole routine and deduct points for choreographical errors in it. The average of the two middle scores shall be awarded to the competitor as points for grade of overall performance.

All choreographical errors found in the performance and resultant deductions shall come into effect only with the simultaneous confirmation by at least two of the four panel members. The total of deducted points shall be the deduction for choreographical errors.

21.3 Scoring Criteria

21.3.1 Scoring criteria for the quality of movements

0.10 point will be deducted for each failure to meet the requirements of movements in the course of the whole routine, and 0.10-0.30 point shall be deducted for each occurrence of other errors.

(Refer to Table 1-1 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu, and Gunshu; Table 1-2 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian; Table 1-3 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun; Table 1-4 Deduction Criteria for Other Errors in Optional Events and (Individual) Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty; Table

6 Errors and Deduction Criteria for Quality of Movements and Other Errors in Dual Events; Table 7 Errors and Deduction Criteria for Quality of Movements in Group Events) 21.3.2 Scoring criteria for Overall performance

This includes the grading of overall performance and the choreography of a routine. 21.3.2.1 Scoring criteria for the grading of technical execution

In regard to power, harmony, rhythm, style and musical accompaniment, overall performance is graded into three (3) levels and nine (9) sublevels, with 5.00-4.21 points for "superior", 4.20-3.01 points for "average", and 3.00-1.51 points for "inferior".

As a whole, a competitor is required to perform his routine with standard movements, correct methods, full force flowing smoothly to the right points, good coordination between hands and eyes, between body and steps (between apparatus and body in events with apparatus), distinct rhythm, conspicuous style, rich contents, radical choreography, and unison between movements and music. All these elements should be taken into consideration when evaluating and grading a competitor's routine. 21.3.2.2 Scoring criteria for choreography

21.3.2.2.1 According to provisions in Deductions for Choreographical Errors in Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty, 0.2 point shall be deducted for missing or adding a compulsory movement in performing a routine. 21.3.2.2.2 0.1-0.5 point will be deducted for a failure to meet requirements in regard

to structure, composition or musical accompaniment.

(Refer to Table 5 Criteria for Grading Overall performance and Deduction for Choreographical Errors in Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty)

Article 22 Decimal System of Scores

22.1 Judges in Panel A may display scores with one (1) decimal place.22.2 Judges in Panel B and Panel C may display scores with two (2) decimal places.

Article 23 Determination of Actual Scores

23.1 Optional Events

A competitor's actual score in optional events is the sum total of the actual scores he has obtained for quality of movements, overall performance and degree of difficulty. 23.1.1 Determination of the actual score for quality of movements

The three judges in Panel A shall deduct points for errors committed in standard movements and other errors in a competitor's performance. The total of deductions made by at least two of the three judges for such errors shall be the actual deduction for quality of movements. Subtract the actual deduction from the value for quality of movements, and the remainder will be the actual score for quality of movements. 23.1.2 Determination of the actual score for overall performance

Grading scores of overall performance deduct choreographical errors will be the actual score for overall performance.

23.1.3 Determination of the actual score for degree of difficulty The three judges in Panel C shall confirm the degree of difficulty of the routine and connecting movements. The total bonus awarded by at least two judges in accordance the criteria and requirements for optional events, will be the actual score for degree of difficulty.

23.2 Events without specific requirements for degree of difficulty The total of actual score for quality of movements and that for technical execution will be a competitor's actual score.

23.2.1 Determination of the actual score for quality of movements The three judges in Panel A shall deduct points for errors in standards of movements and other errors in a competitor's performance. The total of deductions made by at least two judges will be his actual deduction. Subtract it from the value for quality of movements, and the remainder will be the actual score for quality of movements. 23.2.2 Determination of the actual score for overall performance Grading scores of overall performance deduct choreographical errors will be the actual score for overall performance.

Article 24 Determination of Final Scores

24.1 Optional events

The head judge shall subtract his deduction from a competitor's actual score, and add the bonus, if any, for his innovative movements, and the sum will be the competitor's final score.

24.2 Events without specific requirements for degree of difficulty The head judge shall subtract his deduction from a competitor's actual score, and the remainder will be his final score.

Article 25 Scoring Methods Without the Computer Scoring System

If no computer scoring system is available, scoring shall be done in writing.

- 25.1 Add 1-2 recorders
- 25.2 Add 1 timekeeper
- 25.3 Add 1 announcer
- 25.4 Refer to the Bylaws for details

Article 26 Bonus and Deduction by the Head Judge

26.1 The head judge shall be responsible for awarding bonus for innovative movements.
26.2 The head judge shall be responsible for deduction for repetitive movements and overtime or undertime performances.

26.2.1 Repetitive movements

A competitor whose performance is interrupted by unforeseen circumstances may repeat it with the head judge's permission, and no deduction will be made. If the interruption is caused by forgetfulness, errors or broken apparatus, the competitor may repeat his performance once, with a deduction of 1 point. When a competitor is not able to continue his performance due to injuries, the head judge may stop it. If he is able to go on after simple treatment, arrangements shall be made for him to resume his performance at the end of his heat, with a deduction of 1 point, as is the case with repetitive movements.

26.2.2 For taijiquan, taijijian and group events, 0.1 point shall be deducted for undertime or overtime performance for five (5) seconds and above, 0.20 point for five (5) to ten (10) seconds, and so on and so forth.

26.2.3 For changquan, nanquan, jianshu, daoshu, qiangshu, gunshu, nandao, nangun and dual events, 0.1 point shall be deducted for undertime or overtime performance for two (2) seconds and above; 0.2 point for two (2) to four (4) seconds, and so on and so forth.

26.3 In case of obviously improper or mistaken judgment made by a judge in evaluation, the head judge may, before the visual display of the competitor's final score, make adjustments with the chief referees' permission.

CHAPTER 4

REGULATIONS FOR OPTIONAL ROUTINES

Article 27 Requirements for Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu

27.1 Changquan shall contain at least three hand forms, namely, fist, palm and hook; three stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; three leg techniques, namely, snap kick, sideward sole kick and back sweep; and elbow strike and cross-leg balance.

27.2 Jianshu shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; one longtime balance; and eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, thrust, upward parry, uppercut, point, chop, flick up, intercept, and figure 8 (necessarily including a complete set of upward parry from right and left followed by upward parry from the back).

27.3 Daoshu shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, around-the-head twining, around-the-head wrapping, chop, thrust, hack, upward parry, cloud broadsword and back figure 8 (necessarily including a complete set of around-the-head twining and wrapping movements completed at a stretch).

27.4 Qiangshu shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; eight apparatus-wielding methods, namely, outward block, inward block, thrust, slide, tilt, point, figure 8 and end-tilt (necessarily including three consecutive sets of parry, catch and thrust completed at a stretch).

27.5 Gunshu shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, downward strike, tilt, twist, horizontal swing, cloud cudgel, poke, figure 8, and uppercut carry (necessarily including three consecutive sets of carry, uppercut and figure 8 with both hands, to be completed at a stretch).

Article 28 Requirements for Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian

Taijiquan shall contain at least two leg techniques; three main stances, namely, bow stance, horse-riding stance and empty stance; and eight main forms, namely, grasp the sparrow's tail, part the wild horse's mane, brush the knee, cloud hand, fair lady works at loom, cover hand and strike with arm, step back and curl arms, and deflect

downward, parry and punch.

Taijijian shall contain at least main three stances, namely, bow stance, crouch stance and empty stance; and eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, thrust, upward parry, uppercut, point, chop, intercept, slice and envelopment.

Article 29 Requirements for Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun

29.1 Nanquan shall contain at least tiger's claw; two main fist techniques, namely, downward strike with crossed fist and uppercut; five stances, namely, bow stance, crouch step, butterfly stance and dragon-riding stance; and unicorn stance, side nail kick, and rolling bridge.

29.2 Nandao shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, empty stance and dragon-riding stance; eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, around-the-head twining, around-the-head wrapping, chop, slice, block, intercept, sweep, and figure 8 (necessarily including a complete set of around-the-head twining and wrapping movements completed at a stretch).

29.3 Nangun shall contain at least three main stances, namely, bow stance, empty stance and dragon-riding stance; and eight main apparatus-wielding methods, namely, downward strike, tilt, envelopment, roll together with cudgel, block, strike, top and throw.

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第一节 动作质量的评分

Section 1 Evaluation of Quality of Movements

一、自选项目动作规格错误内容及扣分标准

1.1 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Events

(一) 自选长拳、剑术、刀术、枪术、棍术动作规格错误内容及扣分标准(表 1-1)

1.1.1 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu (Table 1-1)

Туре	Movement	Errors for Deduction	Code I	Code II
	Bring leg to head level and hold it with heel up (side kick with heel up) in standing position	Supporting leg bent Raised leg bent		10
standing positionRaised leg bentBack kick and hold leg in standing positionSupporting leg bent Upper body over 45° in forward b Upper body over 45° in forward bBalancesYangshen Pingheng YSPH Backward balanceRaised leg below horizontal le Upper body below horizontal le Upper body below horizontal le Palance with arms spread sidewaysCross-leg balanceThigh of supporting leg not n horizontal levelQiansaotui QST Front sweepThigh of supporting leg ab 	Supporting leg bent Upper body over 45° in forward bend		11	
Balances		Raised leg below horizontal level	1	12
		Upper body below horizontal level		13
	Cross-leg balance	Thigh of supporting leg not near horizontal level		14
		Thigh of supporting leg above horizontal level Sole of sweeping foot off carpet Sweeping leg bent		20
Leg	Huosaotui HST Back sweep	aotui HST Sole of sweeping foot off carpet		21
Techniques	Diecha DC Landing to front split	Toes of front foot off carpet Legs not aligned	2	22
	Tantui TK Snap kick Chuaitui CT Side kick with sole	Kicking leg not fully extended from bend		23

	Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ Xuanfengjiao XFJ and Tengkong Bailian TKBL Kick in flight,tornado kick and lotus kick	Kicking leg below shoulder level Slap missing		30	
	Tengkong Zhengtitui TKZTT Front straight kick in flight	Hanging leg bent		31	
Jumps	Cekongfan CKF, CKF 360° Aerial cartwheel and aerial cartwheel with full twist	Leg bent obviously	3	32	
	Xuanzi XZ, Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT Butterfly and butterfly with twist	Upper body higher than 45° in aerial twist Legs obviously bent during twist in flight		33	
	TengkongjiantanTKJTFront snap kick in flightsnap kickKicking leg below horizontalKnee of front leg not over	Take-off leg not fully extended during snap kick Kicking leg below horizontal level		34	
	Gongbu GB Bow stance	w stance Heel of rear foot off carpet			
Stances	Mabu MB Horse-riding stance	Upper body bent obviously forward Thighs not level Feet not wide apart enough Heels off carpet Toes point outward	5	51	
Butterfly and butterfly with twistLegs obviously bent during twist flightTengkongjiantan TKJT Front snap kick in flightTake-off leg not fully extended dur snap kickGongbu GB Bow stanceKnee of front leg not over ins Thigh of front leg not level Heel of rear foot off carpet Toes of rear foot not turned inward Upper body bent obviously forw Thighs not level Heels off carpet Toes point outwardStancesMabu MB Horse-riding stanceUpper body bent obviously forw Thighs not level Feet not wide apart enough Heels off carpet Toes point outwardXubu XB Empty stanceHeel of rear foot off carpet Toes point outwardGuajian GJ, Liaojian LJ Upward parry and uppercutWrist straightWojian WJ Hold the swordForefinger around top of gu touches bladeApparatus - wieldingChantou CT, Guonao GN Around-the-head twining and bodyom the the body	Heel of rear foot off carpet		52		
	Upward parry and uppercut	Wrist straight		60	
	Hold the sword	Forefinger around top of guard touches blade		61	
	,	Back of broadsword too far from bodyom the the body	6	62	
	Lanqiang LQ, Naqiang NQ Parry outward and parry inward	No circular movement by spearhead		63	
	Zhaqiang ZQ Thrust with spear	Rear hand on spear tail		64	

Liwu Huaqiang LWHQ, Liwu Huagung LWHG, Shuangshou Tiliao Huagun SSTLHG Vertical figure 8 with spear or cudgel, and uppercut with both hands	No vertical circle	65
Throw and catch apparatus	Catch apparatus in folded arms Failure to catch apparatus with single hand	66

- Notes: 1. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two (2) errors in standards in one (1) movement.
 - 2. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two (2) errors in apparatus-wielding methods in one (1) set of movements.
 - 3. A balance should be held motionless for at least two (2) seconds.

(二)自选太极拳、太极剑动作规格错误内容及扣分标准(表 1-2)

1.1.2 Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian (Table 1-2)

Туре	Movement	Errors for Deduction	Code I	Code II
	Low balance with leg stretched forward	Stretched leg below horizontal level		15
	Low balance with leg inserted behind	Foot of inserted leg touches carpet		16
Balances		Heel of supporting leg off carpet	1	17
	Stamp in low body position	Stamping leg bent at knee		
		Tiptoes not turned outward		
	Cechuai Pingheng CCPH	Vising lag act entended from hand		10
	Side kick with sole in balance	Kicking leg not extended from bend		18
	Fenjiao FJ, Dengjiao DJ	Raised leg below horizontal level		24
	Parting kick and heel kick	Raised leg not straight		24
	Bailianjiao BLJ	Swing leg bent when slapping		25
Leg	Lotus kick	Slap missing		23
_	Paijiao PJ	Swing leg bent when slapping	2	26
Techniques	Pat leg	Slap missing		26
	Quedilong QDL	Sole of front foot touches carpet when		
	Dragon's dive to the ground	turned inward		27
	Dragon s dive to the ground	Angle between legs smaller than 45°		
	Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ, Xuanfengjiao XFJ,			
Tumpo	Tengkong Bailian TKBL	Toes of slapped leg below shoulder level	2	30
Jumps	Kick in flight, tornado kick and lotus	Slap missing	3	50
	kick			

	Tengkong Zhengtitui TKZTT Front kick in flight	Hanging leg bent		31
	Gongbu GB Bow stance	Knee of front leg not over instep Heel of rear foot off carpet		50
Stances	Pubu PB Crouch stance	Rear leg not bent completely Front leg bent Sole of front foot not turned inward and flat on carpet		53
	Shangbu SB Take a step forward Tuibu TB Take a step backward Jinbu JB Forward step Genbu GB Follow-up step Cexingbu CXB Side step	Shuffle (except for special movements) Center of gravity up and down in moves Foot raised too high	5	54
Apparatus	Guajian GJ, Liaojian LJ Upward parry and uppercut	Wrist straight		60
-wielding methods	Wojian WJ Hold the sword	Forefinger around top of guard touches blade	6	61

Note: 1. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two simultaneous (2) errors in standards in one (1) movement.

2. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two simultaneous (2) errors in one (1) set of apparatus-wielding movements.

(三)自选南拳、南(三)自选南拳、南刀、南棍动作规格错误内容及扣分标准(表 1-3)

 $1.\,1.\,3$ Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao, and Gunshu (Table 1-3)

(三)自选南拳、南刀、南棍动作规格错误内容及扣分标准(表 1-3)

 $1.\,1.\,3$ Deduction Criteria for Errors in Standards of Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao, and Gunshu (Table 1-3)

Туре	Movement	Errors for Deduction	Code I	Code II
	Qiansaotui QST	Thigh of supporting leg above level		
	Front sweep	Sole of sweeping foot off carpet		22
Leg	riont sweep	Sweeping leg bent	2	
Techniques	Hengdingtui HDT	Kicking leg not kept straight after kick		28
	Horizontal nail kick	No nail kick to opposite side		28

Jumps Tengkongfeijiao TKPJ Xuanfengjiao XPJ Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT Kick in flight, tornado kick and outward kick in flight Toes of slapped leg below shoulder level Slap missing in flight Tumbles Tengkong Pantui 360° Cepu TKPTCP Cross-leg kick in flight with full twist to land on side Swing leg below head level Liyudating Zhili LYDTZL Kicking Zhili LYDTZL Kip-up Lift-up on support of hands Kip-up Tumbles Gongbu GB Bow stance Front leg not close together Kicking legs not close together Thighs below horizontal level Feet not far apart enough Heels off carpet Mahn MB Horse-riding stance Heel of rear leg off carpet Rear leg not bent completely Front leg not bent completely Front leg not bent completely Front leg not not turned inward and flat on carpet Nubu XB Endty stance Inner side of call of kneeling leg not on carpet Guibu GB Bent-knee stance Bent knee on carpet Buttocks not on calf of bent leg Orand-the-head twining and wraoping methods Back of Broadsword too far	Toes of slapped leg below shoulder level			
	3	30		
	Tengkong Pantui 360° Cepu TKPTCP			
	Cross-leg kick in flight with full twist	Swing leg below head level		40
	to land on side			
Tumbles	mpsTengkong Waibaitui TKWBT Kick in flight, tornado kick and outward kick in flightToes of slapped leg below shoulder level Slap missing in flightResTengkong Pantui 360° Cepu TKPTCP Cross-leg kick in flight with full twist to land on sideSwing leg below head levelLigudating Zhili LYDTZL Kip-upLift-up on support of hands Kicking legs bentSwing leg below head levelTengkong Shuangcechuai TKSCC Double side kick with sole in flightKicking legs bentKicking legs bentGongbu GB Bow stanceFront leg not bent into near half squat Legs not bent into near half squat Legs not bent into near half squat Heel of rear foot off carpetMabu MB Horse-riding stanceHeel of rear leg off carpet Empty stanceRear leg not bent to near right angle Rear leg not bent to near right angle Rear leg not bent to near right angle flat on carpetPubu PB Crouch stanceInner side of calf of kneeling leg not on carpetDiebu DDB Butterfly stanceBent knee on carpet Butterfly stanceCuibu GB Bont-knee stanceBent knee on carpet Fornt leg not bent into near half squat flat on carpetChantou CT, Guonao GN Around-the-head twining and wrapping Dinggun DGBack of Broadsword too far from body	4	41	
	Kip-up	Lift up on support of namus		41
	Tengkong Shuangcechuai TKSCC	Kicking legs not close together		42
	Double side kick with sole in flight	Kicking legs bent		42
	Gongbu GB	Front leg not bent into near half squat		50
	Bow stance	Heel of rear foot off carpet		50
Gongbu GB Bow stanceFront leg not bent into near Heel of rear foot off carper Upper body obviously bent into near hali Legs not bent into near hali Thighs below horizontal leve Feet not far apart enough Heels off carpetMabu MB Horse-riding stanceFeet not far apart enough Heels off carpetXubu XB Empty stanceHeel of rear leg off carpet Rear leg not bent to near r Front leg bentStancesPubu PB	Upper body obviously bent forward			
	Legs not bent into near half squat			
	Mabu MB Thighs below horizontal level			51
	Horse-riding stance	Feet not far apart enough		
		Heels off carpet		
	Xubu XB	Heel of rear leg off carpet		
	Empty stance	Rear leg not bent to near right angle		52
Stances		Rear leg not bent completely	5	
	Pubu PB			
	Crouch stance			53
		-		
	Diebu DDB			
				55
	~ _			
	Guibu GB			
				56
Xubu XBHeel of rear leg off carpetEmpty stanceRear leg not bent to near right angStancesRear leg not bent completelyPubu PBFront leg bentCrouch stanceSole of front foot not turned inward flat on carpetDiebu DDBInner side of calf of kneeling leg not carpetButterfly stanceInner side of heel of kneeling leg not carpetGuibu GBBent knee on carpetBent-knee stanceButtocks not on calf of bent legApparatusQilongbu QLBChantou CT, Guonao GNFront leg not bent into near half sq			57	
Apparatus		100 mer some inter noar narr bijdat		
-wielding		Back of Broadsword too far from body	6	62
methods		End of cudgel not on carpet		
				67
	rush the chager	TOP OF CHARGET DELOW NEAR TEVEL		

Note: 1. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two (2) errors in standards in one (1) movement.2. 0.10 point will be deducted for more than two (2) errors in one (1) set of apparatus-wielding movements.

二、自选项目和无难度要求项目(单项)其他错误内容及扣分标准

1.2 Deduction Criteria for Other Errors in Optional Events and (Individual) Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty

(一) 其他错误内容及扣分标准(表 1-4)

1.2.1 Other Errors and Deduction Criteria (Table 1-4)

Туре	Errors for Deduction	Code
	Upper body swaying, shuffles or skips in balance	70
Loss of Balance	Deduction of 0.2 point for extra support	71
Durance	Deduction of 0.3 point for body-fall	72
	Blade goes off handle, or apparatus touches body or carpet, or gets deformed.	73
Errors about	Deduction of 0.2 point for breaking apparatus	74
Apparatus,	Deduction of 0.3 point for dropping apparatus	75
Costume & Decorations	Band drops from broadsword, tassel from sword or spearhead, or ornament from costume or headwear. Competitor's body or hands get entangled with band or tassel, or with soft apparatus. Buttons get loose, or costume torn up, or shoes off feet.	76
	Longtime balance kept motionless for no more than two seconds	77
Other Errors	Any part of competitor's body touches floor outside carpet.	78
	Movement forgotten	79

Notes:

- 1. The term "sway" here denotes the upper body moving in two opposite directions during support on a single foot or on both.
- 2. The term "moves" here means movements of either foot during support on a single foot or on both.
- 3. The term "extra support" implies one that occurs during loss of balance, when the competitor's hand, elbow, knee, head, upperarm or non-supporting foot touches the carpet or is supported on it with the help of his apparatus.
- 4. The term "body-fall" means one that occurs when the competitor' s hands, shoulder, buttocks, or trunk touches the carpet.
- 5. The duration of a "longtime balance" starts with the beginning of a motionless state.
- 6. Apparatus touching the floor outside the carpet or any part of the body going into the space beyond the vertical plane above the sidelines of the competition area should not be considered "outside the carpet".
- 7. All deductions are valued at 0.1 unless otherwise specified.
- 8. When two (2) or more errors occur successively in one movement, the deductions for each should

第二节 演练水平的评分

Section 2 Evaluation of Overall Performance

一、自选项目演练水平等级分评分标准和编排错误内容及扣分标准(表 2-1)

2.1 Criteria for Grading and Evaluating Overall Performance and Deductions for Choreographical Errors in Optional Events (Table 2-1)

LEVEL	GRADE	POINTS	CRITERIA
	①级	3.002.91	"Superior" for correct movements and techniques, full power flowing
	②级	2.902.71	smoothly to the right points, for good harmony between hands and eyes,
"SUPERIOR"			between body and steps, and between body and apparatus; for distinct
	③级	2.702.51	rhythm and conspicuous style; and for accord between movements and accompanying music
((④级	2.502.31	
"AVERAGE"	⑤级	2.302.11	"Average" for above-mentioned elements to a fairly good degree
	⑥级	2.101.91	
	⑦级	1.901.61	
"INFERIOR"	⑧级	1.601.31	"Inferior" for lack of above-mentioned elements
	9级	1.301.01	
Choreography	Code		Errors for Deduction
Contents	01–08 86–88	Deduction of	0.2 point for missing one movement in optional routine
		Pause for mo	re than three seconds in a motionless posture (except for
Structure	81		ance), or pause before a difficult movement in taijiquan or
		taijijian	
Composition	82	Unmethodical	
	83	No full use of	one of the four corners or center of competition area
	84	Deduction of	0.3 point for vocal accompaniment
Music	85	Deduction of Regulations	0.5 point for lack of musical accompaniment as required by

Note: All deductions are valued at 0.1 point unless otherwise specified.

二、自选项目主要动作名称编码对照表(表 2-2)

2.2 Codes of Major Movements in Optional Events (Table 2-2)

项目 Event	86	87	88	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08
长拳 Changquan	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	弾腿 Tantui	踹腿 Chuaitui	后扫腿 Housaotui	顶肘 Dingzhou	扣腿平衡 Koutui pingheng	拳 Quan	掌 Zhang	勾 Gou
剑术 Jianshu	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	刺剑 Cijian	挂剑 Guajian	撩剑 Liaojian	点剑 Dianjian	劈剑 Pijian	截剑 Chuojian	崩剑 Pengjian	剪腕花 Jianwan hua
刀术 Daoshu	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	缠头 Chantou	裹脑 Guonao	劈刀 Pidao	斩刀 Zhandao	挂刀 Guadao	云刀 Yundao	扎刀 Zhadao	背花刀 Beihua dao
枪术 Qiangshu	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	拦枪 Lanqiang	拿枪 Naqiang	扎枪 Zhaqiang	穿枪 Chuanqiang	崩枪 Bengqiang	点枪 Dian qiang	舞花枪 Wuhua qiang	挑把 Tiaoba
棍术 Gunshu	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	劈棍 Pigun	崩棍 Benggun	绞棍 Jiaogun	平抡棍 Pinglungun	云棍 Yungun	戳棍 Chuogun	舞花棍 Wuhua gun	提撩花棍 Tiliao huagun
太极拳 Taijiquan	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	揽雀尾 Lanquewei	野马分鬃 Yema fenzong	搂膝拗步 Louxi aobu	云手 Yunshou	左右穿梭 Zuoyou chuansuo	掩手肱捶 Yanshou gongchui	到卷肱 Daojuan hong	搬拦捶 Banlan chui
太极剑 Taijijian	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	刺剑 Cijian	挂剑 Guajian	撩剑 Liaojian	点剑 Dianjian	劈剑 Pijian	截剑 Jiejian	抹剑 Mojian	绞剑 Jiaojian
南拳 Nanquan	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	仆步 Pubu	骑龙步 Qilongbu	蝶步 Diebu	麒麟步 Qilinbu	虎爪 Huzhao	挂盖拳 Guagaiquan	抛拳 Paoquan	滚桥 Gunqiao	横钉腿 Hengding tui
南刀 Nandao	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	骑龙步 Qilongbu	缠头 Chantou	裹脑 Guonao	劈刀 Pidao	抹刀 Modao	格刀 Gedao	截刀 Jiedao	扫刀 Modao	剪腕花刀 Jianwan huadao
南棍 Nangun	弓步 Gongbu	虚步 Xubu	骑龙步 Qilongbu	劈棍 Pigun	崩棍 Benggun	绞棍 Jiaogun	滚压棍 Gunyagun	格棍 Gegun	击棍 Jigun	顶棍 Dinggun	抛棍 Paogun

第三节 难度的评分

Section 3 Evaluation of Degree of Difficulty

一、自选项目难度编码识别对照表

3.1 Codes of Degree of Difficulty in Optional Events

(一) 平衡、腿法动作难度编码识别(表 3-1)

3.1.1 Codes of Balances and Leg Techniques (Table 3 - 1)

Туре	Code I	Body Position	Code II	Leg Movement	Code III	Code IV	
		Upright	1	Move	1	Class A	0
Balances	1	Supine	2	Kick	2	Class B	1
Leg	2	Prone	3	Control	3+	Class C	2
Techniques		Squat	4	Sweep	4		

(二) 跳跃、跌扑动作难度编码识别(表 3-2)

3.1.2 Codes of Jumps and Tumbles Techniques (Table 3 - 2)

Туре	Code I	Body position	Code II	Direction of Leg	Code III	Code IV		
		Straight	1	None	1	Class A	0	
		Twist	2	Kick upward	2	Class B	1	
	3		Somersault	3	Inward, leftward	3	Class C	2
Jumps			Roll	4	Outward, rightward	4		
Tumbles		Cartwheel	5	Forward	5			
		Butterfly	6	Backward	6			
				Downward	7			

 (\equiv) 3.1.2 Codes of Jumps and Tumbles (Table 3-2)

(三) 被连接动作及抛接编码识别(表 3-3)

3.1.3 Codes of Connected and Throw-and-Catch Movements (Table 3-3)

		Diebu	Tixiduli						Landing
Pubu Ma	Mabu			Dieshucha	Quedilong	Zuopan	Gongbu	+ Catch	on
				Diesnacha	QUEUIIONS	Zuopan			single
									foot
+ 0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6	+7	+8	+9

二 自选项目难度内容及等级与分值确定表

3.2 Determination of Grades and Values of Difficult Movements in Optional Events

(一)自选长拳、剑术、刀术、枪术、棍术难度内容及等级与分值确定(表 4-1)

3.2.1 Grades and Values of Difficult Movements in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu (Table 4-1)

	t Movements		Difficult Connections						
Туре	Grade	Value	Contents	Code	Type of Connection	Grade	Value	Contents	Code
			Bring leg to head level in standing position	111A		ween amic		Tornado kick with full twist to horse-riding stance	323A + 1A
	A	0.2	Side kick and hold leg in standing position	112A				Lotus kick with full twist to horse-riding stance	324A + 1A
Balances			Backward balance	123A	-		0.1	Tornado kick with full twist to front split	323A + 4A
	В	0.3	Balance with arms outspread	133B				Butterfly with full twist to front split	353B + 4A
	С	0.4	Back kick and hold leg in standing position	112C				Lotus kick with full twist to front split	324A + 4A
Leg	A	0.2	Front sweep with one and half twist	244A				Aerial cartwheel to front split	335A + 4A
techniques	В	0.3	Front sweep with two and half twists	244B				Tornado kick with full twist to sitting position	323A + 6A
			Tornado kick with full twist	323A				Lotus kick with full twist to sitting position	324A + 6A
Jumps	А	0.2	Butterfly	333A				Butterfly to sitting position	333A + 6A
յսարե			Lotus kick with full twist	324A				Kick in flight to sitting position	312A + 6A

	Aerial cartwheel	335A				Front sweep with one and half twist to sitting position	244A + 6A
	Kick in flight (slant and double- : leg flying kicks)	312A				Lotus kick with full twist to bow stance	324A + 7A
	Tornado kick with one and half twist	323B	Between throw and catch of			Throw and dive shoulder roll to catch Throw and kick in flight to	445A + 8A
			apparatus			catch	312A + 8A
	Butterfly with full twist	353B	Between	В		Kick in flight followed by aerial cartwheel (within 1 step) Tornado kick with full twist	312A+335A (B)
			movements		0. 15	followed by butterfly with double twists (within 4 steps)	323A+353C(B)
В 0.3	Lotus kick with one	324B	and static			Tornado kick with one and half twist to horse-riding stance	323B + 1B
	and half twist					Lotus kick with one and half twist to horse-riding stance	324B + 1B
	Aerial cartwheel with full twist					Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Lotus kick with full twist to	323A + 3B
						stand with one knee raised	324A + 3B
	Front kick in	312B				Tornado kick with one and half twist to front split	323B + 4B
	flight	0120	Between throw and			Throw and tornado kick with full twist to catch	323A + 8B
	Aerial cartwheel	2550	catch of apparatus			Throw and lotus kick with full twist to catch	324A + 8B
	with double twists	355C	Between two difficult			Butterfly with full twist followed by tornado kick with double twists (within 4 steps)	353B+323C (C)
			movements			Tornado kick with double twists to horse-riding stance	323C + 1C
C 0.4	4 Tornado kick with 3 double twists	323C	Between dynamic	С	0.20	Tornado kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised	323B + 3C
	Butterfly with	353C	and static			Lotus kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised	324B + 3C
	double twists		Between dynamic	D	0. 25	Lotus kick with double twists to horse-riding stance	324C + 1D

		Lotus kick	with		and static		Tornado kick with double twists to front split	323C + 4D
		double twists		3240			Butterfly with double twists to front split	353C + 4D

Notes:

- 1. In difficult movements, only four run-up steps are allowed for a take-off, to be followed by landing to a front split for 353C; by the same or by landing to a horse-riding stance, or to stand with one knee raised for 323B; by landing in a horse-riding stance for 324C; and by landing to a horse-riding stance or front split for 323C. For 312B the kicking leg must be the take-off one.
- 2. The difficult connections between dynamic and static must end in a motionless state in the form of a horse-riding stance, standing with one knee raised, or landing to a front split, as the competitor may take choice. Only one kind of throw-and-catch movement can be chosen for a routine with apparatus.
- 3. The difficult movements of balances shall be long time balance.

(二)自选太极拳、太极剑难度内容及等级与分值确定(表 4-2)

3.2.2 Determination of Grades and Values of Difficult Movements in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian (Table 4-2)

	Difficult movements					Difficult connections					
Туре	Grade	Value	Contents	Code	Type of Connection	Grade	Value	Contents	Code		
		0.0	Low balance with leg stretched forward	143A	Between difficult movements	A		Kick in flight followed by lotus kick with full twist(no step)	312A+324B(A)		
	A	0.2	Low stepping on kick forward	142A	Between			Tornado kick with full twist to land on take-off foot	323B + <u>9A</u>		
Balances			Balance with sideward sole kick	132A	dynamic and static			Lotus kick with full twist to land on take-off foot	324B + <u>9A</u>		
Darances	B	0.3	Low balance with leg inserted behind supporting leg	143B				Jump for a front kick to Land on take-off foot	312A + <u>9A</u>		
		0.4	Raise leg sideways with heel up	113C	Between motionless states			Low stepping on kick forward Followed by half twist to stand with one knee raised	142A + 3A		

Leg techniques	A	0.2	Parting kick & heel kick	212A				Low balance with leg stretched forward and half twist to stand with one knee raised	143A + 3A
	A	0.2	Kick in flight	312A	Between difficult movements			Kick in flight followed by lotus kick with one and half twist (no step)	312A+324C(B)
			Front kick in flight	312B				Front kick in flight to land on take-off foot	312B + <u>9B</u>
			Kick in flight with half twist inward	322B	Between dynamic and static	В	0.15	Kick in flight with half twist inward to stand with one knee raised	322B + 3B
		0.3	Tornado kick with full twist	323B		С	0.15	Kick in flight to stand with one knee raised	312A + 3B
	В							Lotus kick with full twist followed by dragon's dive to the ground	324B + 5B
Jumps			Lotus kick with full	324B	Between motionless states			Low balance with leg inserted behind followed by lotus kick with half twist to land with one knee raised	143B + 3B
			twist		Between			Lotus kick with one and half twist followed by dragon's dive to the ground	324C + 5C
		0.4	Tornado kick with one and half twist	323C	dynamic and static		0.20	Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised	324B + 3C
								Lotus kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised	324B + 3C
	С		Lotus kick with one and half twist	324C	Between dynamic and static	D	0.25	Tornado kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised	323C + 3D
								Lotus kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised	324C + 3D

- Notes: 1. In difficult movements, only one run-up step can be taken for a jump. The kicking leg must be the take-off leg in 312B. The landing must be followed by standing with one knee raised in 322B, 323B and 323C, and by a dragon's dive to the ground with the left leg in front in 324B and 324C.
 - 2. In difficult connections, the competitor must land on the same foot used for kicking and slapping. He can only choose either dragon's dive to the ground or the stance with one knee raised.

(三)自选南拳、南刀、南棍难度内容及等级与分值确定(表 4-3)

3.2.3 Determination of Grades and Values of Difficult Movements in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun (Table 4-3)

	Difficult Movements			Difficult Connections					
Туре	Grade	Value	Contents	Code	Type of Connection	Grade	Value	Contents	Code
Leg	А	0. 2	Front sweep with one and half twist	244A	Between			Tornado kick with full twist followed by kick in flight (within 2 steps)	323A+312A (A)
tech- niques	В	0. 3	Front sweep with two and half twists	244B	difficult movements			Tornado kick with full twist followed by single-step back somersault (within 2 steps)	323A+346B(A)
			Tornado kick with full twist	323A	Potwoon	A	0.1	Outward kick in flight with full twist to horse-riding stance	324A + 1A
			Outward kick in flight with full twist	324A	Between dynamic and static			Tornado kick with full twist to butterfly stance	323A + 2A
	A	0.2	Kick in flight	312A				Kick in flight to stand with one knee raised	312A + 3A
			Stationary back flip	346A		followed by single-step butterfly with full twist (within 2 steps)Outward kick in flight with one and half twist horse-riding stanceB0.15butterfly stanceSingle-step butterfly stanceTornado kick with one a twist to butterfly stanceKick in flight with inwa	0. 15	Tornado kick with full twist followed by single-step back butterfly with full twist (within 2 steps)	312A+366C (B)
Jumps								with one and half twist to	323B + 1A
			Tornado kick with one and half twist	323B					346A + 2B
			Outward kick in flight with one and half twist	324B				Single-step back flip to butterfly stance	346B + 2B
	В	0.3	Single-step back flip	346B			Tornado kick with one and half twist to butterfly stance	323B + 2B	
			Kick in flight with inward half twist	322B				Kick in flight with inward half twist to stand with one knee raised	322B + 3B
	С	0.4	Tornado kick with double twists	323C	Between dynamic	С	0.20	Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised	323A + 3C

			Outward kick in Flight with double	324C	and static			Outward kick in flight with full twist to stand with one knee	324A + 3C
			twists Single-step back butterfly with full twist	366C				raised Single-step back butterfly with full twist to butterfly stance	366C + 2C
			Double sideward sole kicks in flight	415A				Tornado kick with double twists to horse-riding stance	323C + 1D
Tumbles	А	0.2	Cross legs in flight with full twist to land on side	423A	Between dynamic and static	D	0.25	Outward kick in flight with double twists to horse-riding stance	324A + 1D
	С	0.4	Kip-up	447C				Kip-up to stand with one knee raised	447C + 3D

Notes:

 Only four run-up steps are allowed for a jump in difficult movements. The landing must be followed by a butterfly stance for 346A, 346B and 323B; by a stance with one knee raised for 323A and 445A; and by a horse-riding stance for 324B, 323C and 324C. No slapping is needed for 324A, 324B and 324C.

2. In difficult connections, the landing must be made on the same foot as used for kicking and slapping. Connections between dynamic and static should end in a motionless state. The competitor can only choose from among the horse-riding stance, butterfly stance and stance with one knee raised.

三 自选项目难度完成不符合规定的确认

3. 3 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Events

(一)自选长拳、剑术、刀术、枪术、棍术难度完成不符合规定的确认(表 4-4)

 3. 3. 1 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Changquan, Jianshu, Daoshu, Qiangshu and Gunshu (Table 4-4)

Difficulty	类 别 Type	Contents	Not in Conformity with Requirements
Difficult Movements	Balances	Bring leg to head level in standing position Side kick and hold leg in standing position Shizi Pingheng SZPH Balance with arms spread sideways	Raised leg not vertical

		Priced log not vertical
	Back kick and hold leg in standing	Raised leg not vertical
	position	Kicking leg not held from behind shoulder
		shourder
	Yangshen Pingheng YSPH	Upper body 45° above horizontal level
	Backward balance	
	Zhishen Qiansao ZSQS	
	Front sweep with double twists	
Leg techniques	Zhishen Qiansao ZSQS	Incomplete rotation
	Front sweep with two and half	
	twists	
	Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360°	
	Tornado kick with full twist	
	Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540°	Run-up with more than 4 steps
	Tornado kick with one and half	Incomplete rotation
	twist	Inward kicking leg not high enough
	Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720°	
	Tornado kick with double twists	
	Xuanzi XZ, Cekongfan CKF	Run-up with more than 4 steps
	Butterfly and aerial cartwheel	Not executed in flight
	Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360°	
	Lotus kick with full twist	
	Tengkong Bailian TKBL 540°	Run-up with more than 4 steps
	Lotus kick with one and half twist	Incomplete rotation
	Tengkong Bailian TKBL 720°	Outward kicking leg not high enough
	Lotus kick with double twists	
	Xuanzi Zhuanti 360° XZZT	
	Butterfly with full twist	
Jumps	Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 720°	
	Butterfly with double twists	
	Cekongfan Zhuanti CKFZT 360°	Run-up with more than 4 steps
	Aerial cartwheel with full twist	Incomplete rotation
	Cekongfan Zhuanti CKFZT 720°	
	Aerial cartwheel with double	
	twists	
	Tengkongfeijiao TKFJ	Run-up with more than 4 steps
	Kick in flight (with slanting leg	Not executed in flight
	or both legs)	Slapped leg not high enough
		Run-up with more than 4 steps
		Not executed in flight
	Front kick in flight	Tiptoes of kicking leg not touching
		forehead

Difficult	Between difficult movements	Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Cekongfan CKF Kick in flight with full twist followed by aerial cartwheel with double twists (within 1 step) Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360 + Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 720° Tornado kick with full twist followed by butterfly with double twists (within 4 steps) Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 360° + Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720° Butterfly with full twist followed by tornado kick with double twists (within 4 steps)	Run-up with more than 1 or 4 steps between jumps Degree of difficulty not completed
	Between dynamic and static	Zhishenqiansao ZSQS + Zuopan ZP Front sweep with one and half twist to sitting position Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Zuopan ZP Lotus kick with full twist to sitting position Xuezi XZ + Zuopan ZP Butterfly to sitting position Tengkong Bailian TKBL + Zuopan ZP Lotus kick with full twist to sitting position Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Zuopan ZP Kick in flight to sitting position	Legs not crossed

Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360 + Mabu MB	
Tornado kick with full twist to	
horse-riding stance	
Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540° + Mabu MB	
Tornado kick with one and half	
twist to horse-riding stance	
stance	
Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720 + Mabu MB	
Tornado kick with double twists to	
horse-riding stance	Landing on feet alternately
Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Mabu	Shuffles, skips, additional support,
MB	or fall on carpet
Lotus kick with full twist to	
horse-riding stance	
Tengkong Bailian TKBL 720° + Mabu	
MB	
Lotus kick with double twists to	
horse-riding stance	
Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360°+	
Gongbu MB	
Lotus kick with full twist to bow	
stance	

Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Dieshucha DSC Tornado kick with full twist to front split Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540 + Dieshucha DSC Tornado kick with one and half twist to front split Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720 + Dieshucha DSC Tornado kick with double twists to front split Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 360° + Dieshucha DSC Butterfly with full twist to front split Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 720° + Dieshucha DSC Butterfly with double twists to front split Tengkong Bailian TKBL360° + Dieshucha DSC Lotus kick with full twist to front	Landing on feet alternately Additional support or fall on carpet
split Xuanzi Zhuanti XZZT 720° + Dieshucha DSC Butterfly with double twists to front split Tengkong Bailian TKBL360° + Dieshucha DSC	

	Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360 + Tixi Duli TXDL Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540 + Tixi Duli TXDL Tornado kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360 + Tixi Duli TXDL Lotus kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL 540 + Tixi Duli TXDL Lotus kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised	Not landing on single foot slapped Shuffles or skips in landing Raised foot touching carpet
Connections with apparatus throw & catch	Pao + Qiangbei QB + Jie Throw and dive shoulder roll to catch Pao + Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ 360° + Jie Throw and kick in flight with full twist to catch Pao + Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Jie Throw and tornado kick with full twist to catch Pao + Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Jie Throw and lotus kick with full twist to catch	Jump not in flight Foot swing incomplete Buttocks or knees not off carpet after shoulder roll Apparatus dropped, or caught only by band or tassel

Notes:

1. In jumps with twist to land on both feet, or to land in a horse-riding stance or front split, the calculation of the degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the line between the two feet at the time of take-off and that at the time of landing.

2. In jumps with twist to land on a single foot, the calculation of the degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the extended toe-to-heel line at the time of take-off and that at the time of landing.

3. In leg sweeps, the angle of the whole sweeping movement should be taken into account for calculation.

4. In connections between dynamic and static in 323A+353C and 353B+323C, the first run-up step is counted from the one taken by either foot after the landing on both feet in the previous jump and, in the case of 312A+335A, from the run-up step taken by either foot after the landing of the

previous jump.

- 5. The degree of difficulty will not be confirmed for any balance aided with support of apparatus on carpet.
- 6. Difficult balances and connections between dynamic and static must end in a motionless state.

(二)自选太极拳、太极剑难度完成不符合规定的确认(表 4-5)

3. 3. 2 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree of Difficulty in Optional Taijiquan and Taijijian (Table 4-5)

Difficulty	Туре	Contents	Not in conformity with requirements
		Low balance with leg stretched forward Low balance with leg inserted behind	Thigh of supporting leg above level Hand on supporting leg
	Balances	Low stepping on kick forward	Thigh of supporting leg above level Kicking foot touching carpet
		Balance with sideward sole kick	Kicking leg below shoulder level Upper body leaning over 45°
Difficult		Heel-up side kick in standing position	Raised leg not vertical Upper body leaning to side over 45°
Movements	Leg techniques	Fenjiao FJ Parting kick Dengjiao DJ Heel kick	Heel of raised leg below shoulder level
	Jumps	Xuanfengjiao XFJ360° Tornado kick with full twist Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540° Tornado kick with one and half twist Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° Lotus kick with full twist Tengkong Bailian TKBL 540° Lotus kick with one and half twist	More than one run-up step Rotation incomplete Inward crescent kicking leg below More than one run-up step Incomplete rotation Outward crescent kicking leg below horizontal level
		Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ Kick in flight	More than one run-up step Not executed in flight

		Tengkong Zhengtitui TKZTT Front kick in flight Tengkong Feijiao Xiangnei Zhuanti 180° TKFJXNZT 180° Kick in flight with half inward	More than one run-up step Tiptoes of kicking leg not touching forehead More than one run-up step Incomplete rotation
	Between difficult movements	twist Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° Kick in flight followed by lotus kick with full twist (no run-up step) Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Tengkong TKBL 540° Kick in flight followed by lotus kick with one and half twist (no run-up step)	Run-up steps taken between jumps Degree of difficulty not completed
Difficult connections	Between dynamic and static	Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Qitiaojiao Luodi QTJLD Kick in flight to land on take-off foot Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Qitiaojiao Luodi QTJLD Tornado kick with full twist to land on take-off foot Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Qitiaojiao Luodi QTJLD Lotus kick with full twist to land on take-off foot Tengkong Zhengtitui TKZTT + Qitiaojiao Luodi QTJLD Front kick in flight to land on take-off foot	landing not on single slapped foot Shuffles and skips

	Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ + Tixi Duli TXDL Kick in flight to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Feijiao Xiangnei Zhuanti 180° TKFJXNZT 180° + Tixi Duli TXDL Kick in flight with half inward twist to stand with one knee raised Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Tixi Duli TXDL Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540° + Tixi Duli TXDL Tornado kick with one and half twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Tixi Duli TXDL Lotus kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Tixi Duli TXDL Lotus kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL	Landing not on single slapped foot Shuffles and skips in landing Foot of raised knee touching carpet
	Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Quedilong QDL Lotus kick with full twist to dragon's dive to the ground Tengkong Bailian TKBL 540° + Quedilong QDL Lotus kick with one and half twist to dragon's dive to the ground	Landing on feet alternately Additional support or fall on carpet

	Low stepping on kick forward with half twist to stand with one knee raised	
Between motionless states	Low balance with leg stretched forward followed by half twist to stand with one knee raised	Upper body swaying in connections Shuffle and skips Incomplete rotation
	Low balance with leg inserted behind followed by lotus kick with half twist to stand with one knee raised	

Notes:

- 1. In jumping movements followed by dragon's dive to the ground with a front split, the calculation of degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the extended toe-to-heel line of the foot in the direction of body turn at the time of take-off and that of the non-landing foot.
- 2. In jumps with twist to land on a single foot, the calculation of degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the extended toe-to-heel line of the landing foot at the time of take-off and that at the time of landing.
- 3. In connections between two movements for 312A+324A and 312A+324C, the take-off must be made after the two feet have landed at the same time in the previous jump.
- 4. No forward step should be taken in the connection between two static movements. The calculation of degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the extended toe-to-heel line before the body turn and that after it.
- 5. In landing on a single foot, it should be the same foot as used for kicking and slapping.

(三)自选南拳、南刀、南棍难度完成不符合规定的确认(表 4-6)

3.3.3 Confirmation of Movements Not in Conformity with Requirements for Degree Difficulty in Optional Nanquan, Nandao and Nangun (Table 4-6)

Difficulty	Туре	Movements	Not in conformity with requirements
Difficult movements	Leg techniques	Zhishen Qiansao ZSQS 540° Front sweep with one and half twist Zhishen Qiansao ZSQS 900° Front sweep with two and half twists	Rotation incomplete

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360°	
Tornado kick with full twist	
Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540°	More than 4 run-up steps
Tornado kick with one and half	Rotation incomplete
twist	Inward crescent kicking leg not high enough
Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720°	
Tornado kick with double twists	
Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 360°	
Outward kick in flight with full	
twist	
Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 540°	Mana them 4 mm up atoms
Outward kick in flight with one	More than 4 run-up steps
and half twist	Incomplete rotation
Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 720°	Kicking leg below horizontal level
Outward kick in flight with double	
twists	
Dandi Houkongfan YDHKF	
Stationary back flip	Shuffle before take-off
Dantiao Houkongfan DTHKF	
Single-step back flip	More than 2 run-up steps
Diantiaohouxuanfan DTHXF	
Single-step back butterfly	More than 2 run-up steps
with full twist	
Tengkong Feijiao Xiangnei Zhuanti	
180° TKFJXNZT 180°	More than 1 run-up step
Kick in flight with inward half	Rotation incomplete
twist	
Tengkong Shuangcechuai TKSCC	More than 4 mun-up atoms
Double sideward sole kicks in	More than 4 run-up steps
flight	Kicking legs not high enough
Cross-leg jump kick in flight with	More than 4 run-up steps
full twist to land on side	Rotation incomplete
Liyudating Zhili LYDTZL	Dada nat unvielt duning big un
Kip-up	Body not upright during kip-up
	Tornado kick with full twist Xuanfengjiao XFJ 540° Tornado kick with one and half twist Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720° Tornado kick with double twists Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 360° Outward kick in flight with full twist Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 540° Outward kick in flight with one and half twist Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 720° Outward kick in flight with double twists Dandi Houkongfan YDHKF Stationary back flip Dantiao Houkongfan DTHKF Single-step back flip Diantiaohouxuanfan DTHXF Single-step back butterfly with full twist Tengkong Feijiao Xiangnei Zhuanti 180° TKFJXNZT 180° Kick in flight with inward half twist Tengkong Shuangcechuai TKSCC Double sideward sole kicks in flight Cross-leg jump kick in flight with full twist to land on side Liyudating Zhili LYDTZL

	Between movements	Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Tengkong Feijiao TKFJ Tornado kick with full twist for a kick in flight (within 2 steps) Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Dantiao Houkongfan DTHKF Tornado kick with full twist for a single-step back flip (within 2 steps) Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Dantiao Houxuanfan 360° DTHXF Tornado kick with full twist follow back butterfly with full twist	More than 2 run-up steps Execution under degree of difficulty
Difficult connections	Between dynamic and static	(within 2 steps) Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Diebu DB Tornado kick with full turn to butterfly stance Xuanfengjiao XFJ540° + Diebu DB Tornado kick with one and half twist to butterfly stance Dantiao Houxuanfan 360° DTHXF + Diebu DB Single-step back butterfly with full twist to butterfly stance	Landing on feet alternately Shuffles, skips, additional support or fall on carpet

Xuanfengjiao XFJ 720° + Mabu MB Tornado kick with double twists to horse-riding stance Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 360° Mabu MB Outward kick in flight with full twist to horse-riding stance Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 540° Mabu MB Outward kick in flight with one and half twist to horse-riding stance Tengkong Waibaitui TKWBT 720° Mabu MB Outward kick in flight with double twists to horse-riding stance	
Yuandi Houkongfan YDHKF + Diebu DB Stationary back flip to butterfly stance Dantiao Houkongfan DTHKF + Diebu DB Single-step back flip to butterfly stance	Landing with hand support on carpet

	Tengkong feijiao TKFJ + Tixi Duli TXDL Kick in flight to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Feijiao Xiangnei Zhuanti 180° TKFJXNZT 180° + Tixi Duli TXDL Kick in flight with inward half twist to stand with one knee raised Xuanfengjiao XFJ 360° + Tixi Duli TXDL Tornado kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Tengkong Bailian TKBL 360° + Tixi Duli TXDL Lotus kick with full twist to stand with one knee raised Liyudating Zhili LYDT ZL+ Tixi Duli TXDL Kip-up to stand upright with one knee raised	Landing not on slapped foot alone Shuffles and skips in landing Foot of raised leg touching carpet
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Notes:

- 1. In jumps with twist to land on both feet or in various stances, the calculation of degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the line between the two feet at the time of take-up and that at the time of landing.
- 2. In jumps with twist to land on a single foot, the calculation of degree of rotation is based on the angle formed by the extended toe-to-heel line of this foot at the time of take-off and that at the time of landing.
- 3. In leg sweeps, the angle of the whole sweeping movement should be taken into account for calculation.
- 4. In connections between two movements in 323A+346B, 323A+312A and 323A+366C, the first run-up step is the one taken by either foot after the landing in the previous jump.
- 5. In landing on a single foot, the slapped (kicking) foot should be the same used for landing.
- 6. Connections between dynamic and static should end in a motionless state.

第二章 无难度要求项目的评判

CHAPTER 2 JUDGEMENT OF EVENTS WITHOUT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR DEGREE OF DIFFICULTY

第一节 动作质量的评分

Section 1 Evaluation of Quality of Movements

Deduction criteria are specified in tables 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3 for optional events in regard to errors in standards of movements and in table 1-4 for other errors in optional (individual) events without specific requirements for degree of difficulty.

第二节 演练水平的评分

Section 2 Evaluation of Overall performance

一、无难度要求项目演练水平等级分评分标准和编排错误扣分标准(表 5)

2.1 Criteria for Grading Overall performance and Deduction for Choreographical Errors in Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty (Table 5)

Gra	ding Crite	eria	Choreography					
Level	Grade	Points		Errors for Deduction	Code			
	①级	5.004.81	D4.81 Deduction of 0.2 point for missing or adding movement in compulsory routines		80			
Superior	②级	4.804.51	Contents	No required sound is uttered in compulsory nanquan, nandao and nangun.	81			
	③级	4.504.21						
	④级	4. 203. 81	Structure	Fewer or more run-up steps than required for jumps in compulsory routines				
Average	⑤级	3.803.41						
	⑥级	3. 403. 01	Composition	The path and direction exceed 45° for taijiquan and taijijian movements, and 90° for changquan and nanquan movements				
	⑦级	3.002.51						
Inferior	⑧级 2.502.01			Deduction of 0.3 point for vocal music in accompaniment				
	9级	2.001.51	Music	Deduction of 0.5 point for absence of musical accompaniment				

Note: All deductions for choreographical errors are valued at 0.10 point unless otherwise specified.

第三节 对练项目的评分

一、对练项目动作质量和其他错误内容及扣分标准(表 6)

3.1 Errors and Deduction Criteria for Quality of Movements in Dual Events (Table 6)

Туре	Errors for Deduction	Code				
	Upper body swaying, shuffles or skips in final position					
	Deduction of 0.2 point for extra support					
	Deduction of 0.3 point for fall down due to erroneous movement	72				
	Apparatus blade gets off handle or touches body	73				
	Deduction of 0.2 point for breaking apparatus	74				
Other	Deduction of 0.3 point for apparatus or spearhead falling onto carpet	75				
Errors	Band drops from broadsword, tassel from sword or spear; ornament from costume or headwear. Competitor's hands or body get entangled with band, tassel or soft apparatus. Buttons get					
	loose or costume torn up, or shoes off feet.					
	Deduction of 0.2 point for deformation of apparatus	77				
	Any part of body touching floor outside carpet	78				
	Movement forgotten	79				
	Wide of target area	90				
	Motionless state exceeds time limit					
Coordination	Duration without attack and defense exceeds time limit					
of methods	Misses in attack or defense	93				
	Waiting	94				
	Mishit on partner	95				

Notes:

- 1. Apparatus touching body means the apparatus wielded by the competitor touching his own body.
- 2. "Wide of target area" means the attacker's body or apparatus being too far from the target area.
- 3. Time limit is set at 3 seconds for the motionless state of the final position and the fall.
- 4. Time limit is set at 3 seconds for the duration without attack and defense.
- 5. Misses in attack or defense apply to both sides.
- 6. Waiting denotes a forced pause or stop caused by either side advancing a movement by mistake.
- 7. "Deformation of apparatus" means a bend over 45° .
- 8. Apparatus touching the floor outside the carpet or any part of body going beyond the space above the competition area is not considered "outside the carpet".
- 9. All deductions are valued at 0.1 point unless otherwise specified.
- 10. All deductions mentioned above, for every error committed by a competitor on each occasion, will be totaled.

第四节 集体项目的评分

Section 4 Evaluation of Group Events

一. 集体项目动作质量和其他错误内容及扣分标准(表7)

4. 1 Errors and Deduction Criteria for Quality of Movements in Group Events (Table7)

Туре	Errors for Deduction	Code				
	Upper body swaying, shuffles or skips in final position	70				
	Deduction of 0.2 point for extra support	71				
	Deduction of 0.3 point for fall down	72				
	Apparatus blade gets off handle, touches body or carpet, or gets deformed	73				
	Deduction of 0.2 point for breaking apparatus	74				
Other	Deduction of 0.3 point for apparatus dropping onto carpet	75				
Errors	Band drops from broadsword, or tassel from sword or spear. Ornament of costume or headwear drops to carpet. Hands or body gets entangled with band, tassel or soft apparatus. Buttons get loose or costume torn up, or shoes off feet.					
	Longtime balance kept motionless for less than two (2) seconds	77				
	Any part of body touching floor outside carpet.	78				
	Movement forgotten	79				
	Footwork and leg techniques not up to required standards	96				
Methods	Jumps and tumbles not up to required standards	97				
	Apparatus-wielding methods not up to required standards	98				
	Same movements not unified in form	99				
Cooper-	Misses in attack or defense.	93				
ation	Waiting for partner to attack in dual events					
	Deduction of 0.2 point for mishitting or injuring partner by mistake in dual events	95				

Notes:

- 1. All deductions are valued at $0.\,1$ unless otherwise specified.
- 2. All above-mentioned deductions for every error committed by a competitor on each occasion will be totaled.

第三章 自选项目主要动作技术要求

CHAPTER 3 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MAJOR MOVEMENTS IN OPTIONAL EVENTS

第一节 自选长拳类项目

Section 1 Optional Changquan Events

一、长拳主要动作技术要求

1. 1 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Changquan

(一)拳:五指卷紧,拳面要平,拇指压于食指、中指第二指节上。

(1) Quan (fist) abbrev. Q

Five fingers are tightly clenched, with the face of fist flat, thumb pressed on the second phalanges of the index and middle fingers.

(一) 掌: 拇指外展或屈曲, 其余四指伸直并拢向后伸张。

(2) Zhang (palm) abbrev. Z

Thumb is turned outward or bent, while the other fingers are held together and stretched backward.

(三)勾:屈腕五指撮拢。

(3) Gou (hook) abbrev. H

Bend wrist (in palmar flexion) with the five fingers held together.

(四)弓步:弓出腿屈膝半蹲,大腿成水平;另一腿挺膝蹬直,脚跟不得离地。

(4) Gongbu (bow stance) abbrev. GB

Bend the front leg at knee, with thigh held horizontal, while the rear leg is straightened, both soles flat on floor.

(五) 虚步: 屈蹲腿大腿成水平, 脚跟不得离地, 另一腿脚尖点地。

(5) Xubu (empty stance) abbrev. XB

Bend one leg at knee, with thigh held horizontal and heel on floor, while toes of the other leg are pointed on floor.

(六)仆步:全蹲腿大腿接近脚跟,另一腿接近地面仆直,两脚脚跟不得离地。

(6) (crouch stance) abbrev. PB

Bend the rear leg into a full squat, with buttocks close to its heel, while the front leg is stretched out close to floor, both heels flat on it.

(七)弹腿:支撑腿直立或微屈,另一腿绷足由屈到伸向前挺膝弹出,力达脚尖。

(7) Tantui (snap kick) abbrev: TT

Keep the supporting leg straight or slightly bent, while snapping out the other leg from bend to full

extension, foot bent downward (in plantar flexion), with power of the kick reaching the toes.

(八) 踹腿: 支撑腿直立或微屈, 另一腿勾脚内扣由屈到伸向侧挺膝踹出, 脚高过腰, 力达脚底。 (8) Chuaitui (sideward sole kick) abbrev. CT

Keep the supporting leg straight or slightly bent, while kicking out the other leg sideways from bend to full extension, foot hooked and above waist level and toes turned inward, with power of the kick reaching the sole.

(九)后扫腿:支撑腿脚跟提起全蹲旋转,扫转腿挺膝扫转一周或以上,脚掌不得离地。

(9) Housaotui (back sweep) abbrev: HST

Raise the heel of the supporting leg and drop into a full squat. With a body turn, move the outstretched leg with a sweeping force in a full circle or more, sole flat on floor.

(十)顶肘: 屈肘握拳, 手心向下, 肘尖前顶或侧顶, 力达肘尖。

(10) Dingzhou (elbow strike) abbrev: DZ

Bend arm at elbow and form a fist, palm side down. Strike with a forward or sideward thrust of the elbow, with power reaching its point.

(十一)扣腿平衡:支撑腿屈膝半蹲,大腿接近水平,另一腿屈膝,脚尖勾起并紧扣于支撑腿的膝后。

(11) Koutui Pingheng (cross-leg balance)

Bend the supporting leg and drop into a half-squat, kneel close to horizontal level. Bend the other leg at knee and tuck the hooked foot behind the knee of the supporting leg.

二、剑术主要动作技术要求

1. 2 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Jianshu

(一) 刺剑: 剑直向刺出, 力达剑尖, 臂与剑身成一直线。

(1) Cijian (sword thrust) abbrev: CJ

Thrust forward, arm aligned with the sword, force reaching its tip.

(二) 挂剑: 立剑由前向上、向后或向下、向后贴身立圆环绕, 力达剑身前部。

(2) Guajian (upward parry) abbrev: GJ

Move the sword upward in a vertical circle in front, then backward or downward, force reaching the foible.

(三) 撩剑: 立剑由下向前上方弧形撩击, 力达剑身前段。

(3) Liaojian (uppercut) abbrev: LJ

Move the sword in a forward-upward vertical circle, force reaching the foible.

(四) 点剑: 立剑提腕, 使剑尖猛然向前下点击, 力达剑尖。

(4) Dianjian (point with sword) abbrev: DJ

Pull wrist back to erect the sword and then point it suddenly downward in front, force reaching its tip.

(五) 劈剑: 立剑由上向下劈击,力达剑身。(5) Pijian (chop or hack with sword) abbrev: PJ

Erect the sword vertically and chop downward, force reaching the blade.

(六) 截剑: 剑身斜向上或下摆击, 力达剑身前部。

(6) Jiejian (intercept with sword) abbrev: JJ

Block and strike out obliquely up or down, force reaching the foible.

(七) 崩剑: 立剑坐腕, 使剑尖猛然向前上方崩击, 力达剑尖。

(7) Bengjian (flick up with sword) abbrev: BJ

Pull wrist back to flick up the sword suddenly, force reaching its tip.

(八) 剪腕花: 以腕为轴, 立剑在臂两侧向前下贴身立圆环绕, 力达剑尖。

(8) Jian wanhua (figure 8 sword) abbrev: JWH

With wrist as pivot, move the sword in forward-downward vertical circles on both sides close to your body, force reaching tip of the sword.

(九)步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances) :

Gongbu (bow stance), pubu (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

三、刀术主要动作技术要求

1. 3 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Daoshu

(一) 缠头:刀尖下垂,刀背沿左肩贴背绕过右肩。

(1) Chantou (twining around the head with broadsword) abbrev: CT

With the broadsword pointing downward, move it anticlockwise around the shoulders, with back of the blade close to your body.

(二) 裹脑:刀尖下垂,刀背沿右肩贴背绕过左肩。

(2) Guonao (wrapping around the head with broadsword) abbrev: GN

With the broadsword pointing downward, move it clockwise around the shoulders, with the back of the blade close to your body.

(三) 劈刀: 立刀由上向下劈击, 力达刀刃。

(3) Pidao (chop with broadsword) abbrev: PD

Erect the broadsword and chop downward, force reaching sharp edge of the blade.

(四) 斩刀: 平刀向左右横砍, 高不过头, 低不过肩, 力达刀刃。

(4) Zhandao (hack with broadsword) abbrev: ZD

Move the broad sword horizontally to both sides, at a level between the shoulder and head, with force reaching sharp edge of the blade.

(五) 挂刀: 立刀由前向上、向后或向下、向后贴身立圆环绕,力达刀背前部。

(5) Guadao (upward parry with broadsword) abbrev: GD

Erect the broadsword and move it in an upward-backward or downward-backward vertical circle, with the blade

close to your body and force reaching front part of the blade.

(六) 云刀:刀身在头顶或头前上方平圆环绕,力达刀背。

(6) Yundao ("cloud" broadsword) abbrev: YD

Move the broadsword in horizontal circles like a cloud overhead or in front of your body, with force reaching back of the blade.

(七)扎刀:刀直向扎出,力达刀尖,臂与刀身成一直线。

(7) Zhadao (thrust with broadsword) abbrev: ZD

Thrust the broadsword straight forward, arm aligned with the blade and force reaching the tip.

(八) 背花刀: 以腕为轴, 刀在身前、背后向下贴身立圆环绕, 力达刀身。

(8) Beihuadao (figure 8 behind the back) abbrev: BHD

With wrist as pivot, move the broadsword in vertical circles in front and behind, with its tip pointing down and its back close to your body, force reaching the blade.

(九)步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances) :

Gongbu (bow stance), pubu (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

四、枪术主要动作技术要求

1.4 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Qiangshu

(一) 拦枪: 枪尖向外划弧, 高不过头, 低不过胯, 力达枪身前段。

(1) Langiang (outward block with spear) abbrev: LQ

Move the spearhead in outward arcs, at a level between your head and hips, force reaching front part of the spear.

(二) 拿枪: 枪尖向内划弧, 高不过头, 低不过胯, 力达枪身前段。

(2) Naqiang (inward block) abbrev: NQ

Move the spearhead in inward arcs, between your head and hips, force reaching front part of the spear.

(三) 扎枪: 枪直线扎出,力达枪尖,后手必须触及前手。

(3) Zhaqiang (thrust with spear) abbrev: ZQ

Thrust the spear straight forward, with your rear hand touching your front hand and force reaching tip of the spearhead.

(四) 穿枪: 枪身必须贴近喉或腰或臂快速穿出, 枪身要直。

(4) Chuanqiang (pierce with spear) abbrev: CQ

Plunge the spear forward quickly, with the shaft kept straight and close to your throat, waist or arm.

(五) 崩枪: 枪尖向上或向左右短促用力弹抖, 力达枪尖。

(5) Bengqiang (tilt spear) abbrev: BQ

Tilt the spearhead forcefully, upward or to left and right in short vibrations, force reaching tip of the

spearhead.

(六) 点枪:枪尖向上、向前、向下短促用力击出,力达枪尖。

(6) Dianqiang (point spear) abbrev: DQ

Move the spearhead forcefully in a quick upward-forward-downward strike, force reaching tip of the spearhead.

(七)舞花枪:枪身要贴近身体连续快速立圆绕行。

(7) Wuhuaqiang (figure 8 with spear) abbrev: WHQ

Move the spearhead rapidly in vertical circles, with shaft close to your body.

(八) 挑把:枪把由下向上挑,力达把端。

(8) Tiaoba (raise spear with arm) abbrev: TB

Tilt up the shaft of the spear with arm, force reaching the shaft.

(九)步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances) :

Gongbu (bow stance), (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

五、棍术主要动作技术要求

1.5 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Gunshu

(一) 劈棍: 棍梢由上向下击出, 力达棍前段。

(1) Pigun (strike downward with cudgel) abbrev: PG

Move the cudgel tip with a downward strike, force reaching its front part.

(二) 崩棍: 棍梢向上或向左右短促用力抖弹, 力达棍梢。

(2) Benggun (tilt cudgel) abbrev: BG

Tilt the cudgel tip forcefully, upward or to right and left in short vibrations, force reaching the tip.

(三) 绞棍: 棍梢或棍把向内或向外立圆绕动, 高不过肩, 低不过膝, 力达梢端或把端。

(3) Jiaogun (envelopment with cudgel) abbrev: JG

Move the cudgel tip or butt in inward or outward vertical circles, at a level between your head and knees, with force reaching the tip or butt.

(四) 平抡棍: 棍梢在胸部以上向左或向右平抡半周以上, 力达棍前端。

(4) Pinglungun (swing cudgel in horizontally)

Move the cudgel tip in leftward or rightward horizontal plus-semicircles above the chest level, with force reaching front part of the cudgel.

(五) 云棍: 棍在头前上方或上方平圆绕环一周, 力达棍前段。

(5) Yungun (cloud cudgel) abbrev: YG

Move the cudgel in a horizontal circle above or in front of your head, with force reaching front part of the cudgel.

(六) 戳棍: 棍梢或棍把直线向前击出, 力达梢端或把端。

(6) Chuogun (poke with cudgel) abbrev: CG

Poke with the cudgel tip or butt in a straight forward strike, force reaching the tip or butt.

(七)舞花棍:棍身要贴近身体连续快速立圆绕行。

(7) Diangun (point cudgel downward) abbrev: DG

Move the cudgel quickly in vertical circles close to your body.

(八)提撩花棍:棍要贴近身体左右立圆绕动,速度要快。

(8) Ti Liao Hua Gun (carry, uppercut, figure 8 with cudgel) abbrev: TLHG

Move the cudgel quickly in vertical circles close to both sides of your body.

(九)步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances):

Gongbu (bow stance), 仆步 (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

第二节 自选太极类项目

Section 2 Optional Taiji Events

一、太极拳主要动作技术要求

2.1 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Taijiquan

(一) 揽雀尾: 掤出臂必须呈弧型,低不过胸,弓步前腿膝不可超过脚尖; "捋"两手必须沿弧形运行,重心后移时 两腿要虚实分明,上体保持中正; "挤"两臂向前须撑圆,前臂高不过口; "按"两臂必须弧形运行。

(1) (1) Lanquewei (grasp the peacock's tail) abbrev: LQW

The parrying arm must be kept rounded and above the chest level. In the bow stance, the knee of the front leg should not go beyond the toes. Move both hands in a curve for a gentle stroke. When shifting center of gravity backward, make a clear disctinction between the void and solid about the two legs, and keep the upper body upright. Keep both arms rounded when you "squeeze" them forward, with the front arm no higher than the mouth level. Move both arms in arcs when you "press" them downward.

(二) 野马分鬃: 分手时两臂要保持弧形, 前手高不过头, 低不过肩, 弓步前腿膝不可超过脚尖。

(2) Yemafengzong (part the wild horse's mane) abbrev: YMFZ

When separating the hands, keep both arms rounded, with the front hand at a level between your head and shoulders. The knee of the front leg should not go beyond the toes.

(三) 搂膝拗步: 搂手不可直臂, 推掌须经耳旁向前推出, 上步时后脚不可拖地、支撑腿不可跪膝, 弓步前腿膝不可 超过脚尖。

(3) Lou xi ao bu (brush knee on twisted step) abbrev: LXAB

Keep the arm rounded while brushing around the knee. Push the hand forward past your ear. Neither drag the rear foot nor bend the supporting leg during the forward step. The knee of the front leg in a bow stance should not go beyond the toes. (四)云手:以腰为轴带动两手在体前翻转拧裹立圆云拨,手高不过眉,重心不可忽高忽低。

(4) Yun shou (cloud hand) abbrev: YS

With the waist as pivot, move both hands in vertical circles in front, at a level below your eyebrows, without sudden rises and falls of the body.

(五) 左右穿梭:两手上托和前推要协调一致,两臂成弧形,前推之手高不过眉,低不过腰,沉肩垂肘,松腰敛臀。 (5) Zuo you chuan suo (work at shuttles on both sides) abbrev: ZYCS

Keep both arms rounded, with one hand propping up and the other pushing forward in unison, and the latter at a level between your shoulders and waist. Keep your shoulders and elbows dropped, your waist relaxed and your buttocks tucked in.

(六) 掩手肱捶: 臂内旋使拳由肋间向前发劲冲抖, 高不过胸, 低不过腰, 力达拳面。

(6) Yan Shou Gong Chui (hide hand under elbow) abbrev: YSGC

With an internal rotation of the arm, thrust the fist straight forward with a jerk from the ribs, at a level between your chest and waist, with force reaching the face of the fist.

(七) 倒卷肱: 退步轻灵, 身体平稳, 不可左右歪斜, 前推手指高不过眉, 低不过肩。

(7) Dao Juan Hong (step back and whirl arms) abbrev: DJH

Take a light back step, with the body kept steady without moving up and down or leaning to right and left, and with the pushing hand at a level between your eyebrows and shoulders.

(八) 搬拦捶: 手臂不可伸直, 搬(压) 拳和拦掌动作要有明显的弧度, 不可直来直往, 身体转动与两臂动作要配合 恰当。

(8) Ban, Lan, Chui (deflect downward, parry and punch) abbrev: BLC

Keep the elbow bent in deflections and parries, with the hand moving in apparent curves instead of rigid straight lines. Body turns should be properly coordinated with arm movements.

(九) 步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances):

Gongbu (bow stance), 仆步 (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

二、太极剑主要动作技术要求

2.2 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Taijijian

(一) 刺剑: 剑直向刺出, 力达剑尖, 臂与剑身成一直线。

(1) Cijian (thrust with sword) abbrev: CJ

Thrust the sword straight forward, with the arm in alignment and force reaching the tip of the sword.

(二) 挂剑:立剑由前向上、向后或向下、向后贴身立圆环绕,力达剑身前部。

(2) Guajian (upward parry with sword) abbrev: GJ

Erect the sword and move it in upward-backward or downward-backward vertical circles close to your body, with force reaching the front part of the blade.

(三) 撩剑: 立剑由下向前上方弧形撩击, 力达剑身前段。

(3) Liaojian (uppercut with sword) abbrev: LJ

Erect the sword and move it in an upward curve in front, with force reaching the front part of the blade.

(四) 点剑: 立剑提腕, 使剑尖向前下点击, 力达剑尖。

(4) Dianjian (point sword downward) abbrev: DJ

Erect the sword and raise the wrist to point the sword downward, with force reaching the tip of the sword.

(五) 劈剑: 立剑由上向下劈击, 力达剑身。

(5) Pijian (chop with sword) abbrev: PJ

Erect the sword and move it downward in a chopping motion, with force reaching the blade.

(六)截剑:剑身斜向上或下摆击,力达剑身前部。

(6) Jiejian (intercept with sword) abbrev: JJ

Block with the sword in an upward oblique strike or a downward swing, with foce reaching the front part of the blade.

(七) 抹剑: 平剑由右(左)向前向左(右)弧形抽回,高度在胸腹之间,力达剑身。

(7) Mojian (move sword horizontally) abbrev: MJ

With the sword held horizontal, draw it back in a clockwise or anticlockwise curve, at a level between your chest and abdomen, with force reaching the blade of the sword.

(八) 绞剑: 平剑, 剑尖向左(右) 小立圆绕环, 力达剑身前部, 肘部微屈。

(8) Jiaojian (development with sword) abbrev: JJ

With the sword held horizontal and elbow slightly bent, rotate the tip of the sword clockwise or anticlockwise in small vertical circles, with force reaching the front part of the blade.

(九) 步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。

(9) Buxing (stances):

Gongbu (bow stance), pubu (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

第三节 自选南拳类项目

Section 3 Optional Nanquan Events

一、南拳主要动作技术要求

3.1 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Nanquan

(一) 骑龙步:一腿屈膝下蹲,另一腿脚跟提起,屈膝外撑接近地面,两腿间距保持在两脚半长,后小腿成水平。

(1) Qilongbu (dragon-riding stance) abbrev: QLB

Bend one leg into a squat and raise the heel of the other leg, with its knee close to the floor and lower leg stretched outward and held parallel to the floor, and the two legs about two and half lengths of foot apart.

(二)蝶步:单碟步必须一腿屈膝下蹲,另一腿跪地,小腿及脚内侧贴地;双蝶步必须两膝靠拢,两小腿及脚的内侧均 贴地.

(2) Diebu (butterfly stance)

For a single butterfly stance, bend one leg into a squat and kneel on the other knee, with the calf and inside of the lower leg touching the floor. For a double butterfly stance, kneel on both knees close together, with the corresponding parts of both legs touching the floor.

(三) 麒麟步: 连续左右斜向横脚交叉迈步, 盖步要短促, 落步要沉实, 两脚不可跺震。

(3) Qilinbu (unicorn-riding stance) abbrev: QLB

Move two steps forward to cross the legs quickly, planting both feet firmly on the floor, yet without stamping.

(四) 虎爪: 虎爪要求五指分开, 第二、三指骨弯曲, 除拇指外, 其余四指第一节指骨尽力向手背一面伸展, 使掌心 凸出。

(4) Huzhao (tiger's claw) abbrev: HZ

Separate the fingers and bend them at the second and third joints. Except the thumb, bend the fingers backward at the knuckle to expose the palm.

(五) 挂盖拳: 挂拳必须自上向下快速扣击,力经拳棱滚至拳背; 盖拳必须自上向下成弧形挥击,臂微屈,力达拳面。 (5) Guagaiquan (downward strike with fists one after another) abbrev: GGQ

Strike downward quickly, with force shifted from the face to the back of the fist. The downward blow should be delivered in a curve with the arm slightly bent at elbow and force reaching the face of the fist.

(六) 抛拳: 臂微屈使拳自下向上环形挥摆, 力达拳眼。

(6) Paoquan (uppercut) abbrev: PQ

The blow should be delivered in an upward curve in a swing, with force reaching the thumb side of the fist.

(七) 滚桥: 前臂向前下伸出,同时向内滚转,力达前臂内侧。

(7) Gunqiao (rolling forearm) abbrev: GQ

Stretch out the forearm forward and downward with an internal rotation, force reaching the inside of the forearm.

(八)横钉腿:脚尖勾起,腿由屈到伸,由一侧向异侧前方横踢,力达脚掌外沿。

(8) Hengdingtui (side nail kick) abbrev: HDT

With toes hooked up, unbend the leg for a side kick across the body, with force reaching the outside of the sole.

(九) 步型:弓步、仆步、虚步。
(9) Buxing (stances):
Gongbu (bow stance), pubu (crouch stance) and xubu (empty stance).

二、南刀主要动作技术要求

3.2 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Nandao

(一) 缠头:刀尖下垂,刀背沿左肩贴背绕过右肩,头部正直。

(1) Chantou (twine broadsword around the head) abbrev: CT

With the tip pointing down, circle the broadsword anticlockwise from around the left shoulder to the right shoulder, with the back of the blade close to your back, and your head kept upright.

(二) 裹脑:刀尖下垂,刀背沿右肩贴背绕过左肩,头部正直。

(2) Guonao (wrap broadsword around the head) abbrev: GN

With the tip pointing down, circle the broadsword closckwise from around the right shoulder to the left shoulder, with the back of the blade close to your back, and your head kept upright.

(三) 劈刀: 立刀由上向下劈击, 力达刀刃, 臂与刀成一直线。

(3) Pidao (chop with broadsword) abbrev: PD

Erect the broadsword and move it downward in a chopping motion, with force reaching the sharp edge of the blade and your arm aligned with the broadsword.

(四) 抹刀:刀刀朝左(右)向前向左(右)弧形抽回,高度在胸腹之间,力达刀刃。

(4) Modao (move broadsword horizontally) abbrev: MD

With the sharp edge facing left (right), draw back the broadsword in a forward-leftward(-rightward) curve, at a level between your chest and abdomen, with force reaching the sharp edge of the blade.

(五) 格刀:刀尖向上(下),向左(右)摆动,力达刀身。

(5) Gedao (block with broadsword) abbrev: GD

With the tip pointing up (down), move the broadsword to left (right) in a blocking motion, with force reaching the blade of the broadsword

(六) 截刀:刀刃斜向上或斜向下为截,力达刀刃前部。

(6) Jiedao (intercept with broadsword) abbrev: JD

Block with the sharp edge of the broadsword in an upward or downward motion across the body, with force reaching the front part of the blade.

(七) 扫刀:刀刃朝左(右),向前向左(右)横砍,与踝关节同高,力达刀刃。

(7) Saodao (sweep with broadsword) abbrev: SD

With the sharp edge of the blade facing left (right), move the broadsword in a horizontal chopping motion, first to the front and then to the left (right) at ankle level, with force reaching the sharp edge.

(八) 剪腕花刀: 以腕为轴, 刀在臂两侧贴身立圆绕环, 刃背分明。

(8) Jian Wan Hua Dao (Move broadsword in figure 8 with scissors wrist) abbrev: JWHD

Rotate the wrist to move the tip of the broadsword in figure 8, close to both sides of your body, with a clear distinction in the movement between the blunt and sharp edges of the blade.

(九)步型:弓步、虚步、骑龙步。(9) Stances:

Gongbu (bow stance), xubu (empty stance) and qilongbu (dragon-riding stance)

三、南棍主要动作技术要求

3.3 Technical Requirements for Major Movements in Optional Nangun

(一) 劈棍: 两手握棍, 使棍由上向下用力劈出, 力达棍前段。

(1) Pigun (chop with cudgel) abbrev: PG

Holding the cudgel in both hands, bring it down in a powerful cutting motion, with force reaching the front part of the cudgel.

(二)崩棍:两手握棍,前手屈肘回拉,后手前推,使棍梢向上或向左右短促用力,力达棍梢。

(2) Benggun (tilt cudgel) abbrev: BG

Holding the cudgel in both hands, draw it back with the front hand, arm bent at elbow, while the rear hand pushes forward to jerk the cudgel upward or to right and left, force reaching the tip of the cudgel.

(三) 绞棍: 棍梢或棍把向内或向外立圆绕动, 高不过肩, 低不过膝, 力达梢端或把端。

(3) Jiaogun (envelopment with cudgel) abbrev: JG

Move the cudgel tip or butt in vertical circles clockwise or anticlockwise, at a level between your shoulders and knees, with force reaching the tip or butt.

(四) 滚压棍:两手握棍同时回拉,前手臂外旋,沉压于大腿上方,手心朝上,力达棍前端.

(4) Gunyagun (roll together with cudgel) abbrev: GYG

Holding the cudgel in both hands, draw it back and press it above your thighs with an external rotation of the front arm, palm side up, with force reaching the front part of the cudgel.

(五) 格棍: 棍身竖直在身前向左(右) 横格, 力达棍身。

(5) Gegun (block with cudgel) abbrev: GG

With the cudgel held erect in front, move it to left and right with a blocking motion, with force reaching the whole cudgel.

(六) 击棍: 两手握棍, 使棍的梢端或把端向左右横向击出, 力达棍端。

(6) Jigun (strike with cudgel) abbrev: JG

Holding the cudgel in both hands, move its tip or butt to left and right in horizontal strikes, with force reaching the end of the cudgel.

(七) 顶棍:两手握棍,使棍梢向前上顶撞,棍把柱地,力达棍尖。

(7) Dinggun (Push up cudgel) abbrev: DG

Holding the cudgel in both hands in front, butt facing down, push up the cudgel to the front, with force reaching its tip.

(八) 抛棍: 两手握棍, 由下向上合力抛击, 力达棍梢。

(8) Paogun (throw cudgel) abbrev: PG

With the cudgel held in both hands, throw it up with force reaching its tip.

(九)步型:弓步、虚步、骑龙步。

(9) Buxing (stances) :

Gongbu (bow stance), xubu (empty stance) and qilongbu (dragon-riding stance).

第四章 其他

CHAPTER 4 MISCELLANY

第一节 武术套路竞赛礼仪

Section 1 Protocol of Wushu Taolu Competition

一、 抱拳礼: 并步站立, 左掌右拳在胸前相抱(左指根线与右拳棱相齐), 高与胸齐, 拳、掌与胸间距离为20 -30厘米。

1.1 Fist-Palm Salute

In a standing position with feet together, place the right fist against the upright left palm, with the former's knuckles at the root of the latter's fingers, in front of and 20-30cm away from the chest.

二、 抱刀礼: 并步站立, 左手抱刀, 屈臂抬起使刀横于胸前, 刀刃向上; 右手成掌, 以掌心附于左手拇指第一 指节上, 高与胸齐, 两手与胸间距离为20-30厘米。

1.2 Salute with Broadsword

In a standing position with feet together and the broadsword held in the left hand, bend the elbow to place the broadsword across the chest with the sharp edge facing up, the first joint of the left thumb in contact with the center of the right palm and the two hands 20-30 cm away from the chest.

三、 持剑礼: 并步站立, 左手持剑, 屈臂抬起使剑身贴前臂外侧斜横于胸前; 右手成掌, 以掌外沿附于左手食 指根节, 高与胸齐, 两手与胸间距离为20-30厘米。

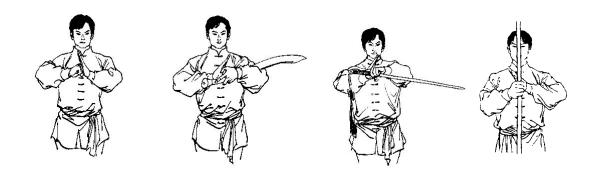
1.3 Salute with Sword

In a standing position with feet together and the sword held in the left hand, bend the elbow to bring up the blade across the chest and close to the outside of the forearm, with the ulnar side of the right palm at the root of the left index finger and the two hands 20-30 cm away from the chest.

四、 持枪(棍)礼:并步站立,右手持枪(棍)把段(靠把端三分之一处),屈臂置于胸前,枪(棍)身直立; 左手成掌,附于右手姆指第二指节上,两手与胸间距离为20-30厘米。

1.4 Salute with Spear or Cudgel

In a standing position with feet together and both arms bent at elbow in front of the chest, hold the spear or cudgel erect in the right hand at one-third of the length from the butt or end, while the left palm is placed on the second joint of the right thumb, with the two hands 20-30 cm away from the chest.



抱拳礼抱刀礼持剑礼持枪(棍)礼Fist-PalmSalute WithSalute with SwordSalute with SpearSaluteBroadswordor Cudgel

注:1、运动员若持双器械,应将器械交一手执握,行抱刀礼或持剑礼、持枪(棍)礼;若不适合行礼时,则应两手持械面向裁判长立正行注目礼。其他器械参照以上各种礼仪执行。

2、当检录员检查器械或裁判长要求检查器械时,若是短器械,运动员应使器械尖朝下,将器械竖直,送给裁判人员;若是长器械,运动员则应使梢(尖)朝上,将器械竖直,递给裁判人员。

Notes:

1. For routines with double apparatus, the latter should be held in one hand for a salute with broadsword, sword, spear or cudgel. If this is impractical, hold the apparatus in both hands and look at the head judge, by way of a salute with eyes.

2. When an official wants to inspect an apparatus, the competitor should hand it upright to him, with the tip pointing downward in case of a short apparatus, and upward in case of a long one.

Section 2 Costumes for Wushu Taolu Competition

2.1 Competition costume for changquan events





2.2 Competition costume for taiji events



2.3 Competition costume for nanquan events



2.4 Requirements in general

2.4.1 Patterns and specifications for changquan, taijiquan, taijijian, daoshu, jianshu, qiangshu, gunshu, and dual events:

2.4.1.1 A jacket with a Chinese-style upright collar and seven toggle-like cloth buttons down the front and short or long sleeves; and for taijiquan and taijijian, a long-sleeved jacket of a length not exceeding the wearer's thumb tip with arms hanging down;

2.4.1.2 Bloomerlike sleeves gathered at the cuffs;

2.4.1.3 Chinese-style knickers with Western-style waist and fitting crotches;

2.4.1.4 Of any material in any color, which shall be uniform;

2.4.1.5 Trims 3 cm in breadth for the whole garment, maybe of different material and in a different single color; and

2.4.1.6 A soft belt (except for taijiquan and taijijian), maybe of different material and in a different single color.

2.4.2. For nanquan events

2.4.2.1 A collarless jacket with seven Chinese-style toggle-like cloth buttons down the front, and with short sleeves for women and without sleeves for men; 2.4.2.2 Chinese-style knickers;

2.4.2.3 Of any material in any single color, which shall be uniform;

2.4.2.4 Trims 1 cm in breadth for the whole garment, maybe of different material and in a different single color; and

2.4.2.5 A soft belt, maybe of different material and in different single color.

2.4.3 All costumes may be of any material of the wearer's choice, maybe with additional designs for various patterns.

Section 3 Forms for Common Use in Wushu Taolu Competition

3.1 Entry Form of Wushu Taolu Competition (Table 8)

Entry Form of Wushu Taolu Competition

Association	ו:	N	len'	s/Women'	s	Team
Team Leader	: Name	Surname		Male/	/Fer	male
Coach:	Name	Surname		Male	/Fer	male
Doctor:	Name	Surname		Male	/Fer	male

·	1		-												
			Competition Events												
No.		Date		Chan	gquan E	vents		Nanq	uan Ev	ents	Taijiquan Events		Dual Events		
NO.	Name	of Birth	Chang- quan	Dao- shu	Jian- shu	Gun- shu	Qiang- shu	Nan- quan	Nan- dao	Nan- gun	Taiji- quan	Taiji- jian	Items	Name of Partner	
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
	oup ents							Remarks							

Printed by the Technical Committee of the International Wushu Federation

Notes:

- 1. Please mark "O" in the column of the event. For dual events, please mark out the partner's name.
- 2. The entry form should be printed into two copies, one to be submitted to the host organization and one to the organizer.
- 3. Specifications: A4 paper and 10 point font
- 4. The events may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

Official Seal of Association

Signature of President/Secretary General

Date: ____(year)/____ (month)/____ (day)

二、自选套路难度登记表(表9)

3.2 Application and Assessment Form for Degree of Difficulty of Optional Taolu (Table 9)

自选套路难度登记表

Application and Assessment Form for Degree of Difficulty of Optional Taolu

Association:

Degree of a	Degree of difficulty for movements, connections and Innovations Event:														
1 st SEGMENT															
$2^{^{\rm ND}}$ segment															
3 rd segment															
4TH SEGMENT															
TOTAL VALUE			For move- ments			For connec- tions			F Inno tio	ova-					
Signature of Coach							(Contac	t Info	С					

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Note: The value of difficulty for movements, connections and innovations in a routine should be calculated before it is entered in the form -- movement by movement in squares from left to right. Within each segement, the top square is to be filled with the code of degree of difficulty, the middle square with the corresponding value, and the bottom square with the score given by the judge on duty when no computer scoring system is available.

三、自选套路必选动作登记及评分表(表 10)

3.3 Application & Assessment Form for Compulsory Movements in Optional

自选套路必选动作登记及评分表

Application & Assessment Form for Compulsory Movements of Optional Taolu

ASSOCIATION:

Name:	Surname:	Male/Female
Height:	CM	

	Applicati	on for	Compul	sory M	lovemen [.]	ts			Eve	nt:		
1 ST	Compulsory Movements											
SEGMENT	Assessment											
2^{ND}	Compulsory Movements											
SEGMENT	Assessment											
3 RD	Compulsory Movements											
SEGMENT	Assessment											
$4^{^{\mathrm{TH}}}$	Compulsory Movements											
SEGMENT	Assessment											
Total Deduction for Choreography												
Signatur	e of Coach						Contac	t Info			 	

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Note: Enter the compulsory movements in sequence, in squares from left to right within each segment.

四、自选套路创新难度申报审批表(表 11)

3.4 Application & Assessment Form for Optional Taolu Innovations (Table 11)

自选套路创新难度申报审批表

Application & Assessment Form for Optional Taolu Innovations

ASSOCIATION		NAME		SEX	
EVENT			COACH		
Movements					
Action series		(Serial photo	s or pictures may	v be attached)	
Explanations on difficult points					
Video materials					
	Name of movement			Total votes	
	Degree of difficulty			For	
R esults of verification	Value of difficulty	(For both movem	ents & connections)	Against	
verification	Code of difficulty	(For both movem	ents & connections)	Abstention	
	Criteria for Non-recognition				
Signatures of appraisers					
Signature of chairman					

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Official Seal of Applicant Association Date:____(year)/___(month)/___(day)

五、无电脑计分系统的评分表

3.5 Assessment Form Without Computer Scoring System

(一)动作质量评分表(表 12-1)

3.5.1 Assessment Form for Quality of Movements (Table 12-1)

动作质量评分表

Scoresheet for Quality of Movements

Event: Round No. ____ Competition area No. ____

Heat No.____

Judge No. ____

No.	Code of deduction for errors												Points	Actual			
NO.															-	 deducted	score
-																	

Printed by the Technical Committee of the International Wushu Federation Notes:

1. Enter each competitor's errors in standards of movements and other errors one by one in serial order, in the upper squares within each segment. The corresponding values for reduction are recorded in the lower squares.

2. Out of the large form as shown above, each judge shall make a small form as shown below for each competitor Immediately after his performance, the judge shall copy his results from the large form into the small form, which will be submitted to the recorder for calculating the general results by methods as provided in the Regulations.

Event	:					Rou	nd N	o		_ Cc	mpet	itio	n ar	ea No	D			
Heat I	No	Judge No																
No.						Code	e of	dedu	ctio	n fo	r eri	fors					Points deducted	Actual score

(二)演练水平评分表(表 12-2)

3.5.2 Scoresheet for Overall performance (Table 12-2)

演练水平评分表

Scoresheet for Overall performance

Number of round:_____Competition area No.____

Heat No._____

Event:

Judge No.____

No.	Points of	Code	anti	leduct	ion f	or ch	orogra	anhica	al err	ors	Points	Actual
NO.	grade	COUR	5 01 0	ieuuci	,1011 1	or ch	015	 deducted	score			

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Notes:

1. Enter a competitor's points of grade in the large squares according to his performance in competition, and enter his chorographical errors, if any, one by one from left to right, in the upper squares within each segment. The corresponding values for deduction are recorded in the lower squares.

2. Out of the large form as shown above, each judge shall make a small form as shown below for each competitor Immediately after his performance, the judge shall copy his results from the large form into the small form, which shall be submitted to the recorder for calculating the general results by methods as provided in the Regulations.

Event: Round NoCompetition area No	
------------------------------------	--

Heat No.___

Judge No.___

No.	Points of grade	Code	e of d	leduct	ion fo	or cho	reogr	aphic	al er	rors	Points deducted	Actual score

(三) 难度评分表(表 12-3)

3. 5. 3 Scoresheet for Degree of Difficulty (Table 12-3)

难度评分表

Scoresheet for Degree of Difficulty

Event:_____ Round No._____.Competition area No._____

Heat No.____

Judge No. ____

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Actual score

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Notes:

1. This form shall be used together with the Application Form for Degree of Difficulty of Optional Taolu. The Arabic numerals indicate the degree of difficulty to be confirmed.

2. According to the competitor's performance, the degree of difficulty shall be confirmed in the order given in the "Application Form for Degree of Difficulty of Taolu" he has submitted. Marks for confirmation or non-confirmation shall be made in the smaller squares above the dotted line, with the corresponding values recorded in the squares beneath it. The marks may be of the judge's choice, but they should be uniform.

3. Out of the large form as shown above, each judge shall make a small form as shown below for each competitor. Immediately after his performance, the judge shall copy his results from the large form into the small form, which shall be submitted to the recorder for calculating the general results by methods as provided in the Regulations.

Event:	Round No	Competition area No
Heat No		Judge No

序号 No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Actual score

(四)自选项目检录(评分记录)表(表 12-4)

3.5.4 Scoresheet for Optional Events (Table 12-4)

武术套路比赛自选项目检录(评分记录)表

Scoresheet for Optional Events

Event:		Competition area	No	Round No Heat No.	Dat	te: (m) / (d)	
	Dura- tion of	Quality of Movements		Degree of Difficulty		0ver	all performance	
Name	Perform -ance	Deduction Code	Actual Points	Registration Confirmed	Actual Score	Level	Deduction Code for Choreographical Errors	Actual Points

Printed by the Technical Committee of the International Wushu Federation Recorder:______Head Judge:_____ Chief Registrar:

Notes:

1. After collecting the small scoresheets submitted by the judges, the recorder should, according to the calculating methods of actual score as provided in the Regulations, keep a record of the deduction code for quality of movements (Panel A), of the points of grade

and deduction for choreographical errors and for overall performance (Panel B), and of confirmed and non-confirmed degrees of difficulty (Panel C).

2. In keeping these records, the sign of "/" may be used to separate numerals or marks, as in "10/30", " \surd/\times " and "80/82".

(五)无难度要求项目检录(评分记录)表(表 12-5)

3.5.5 Scoresheet for Events Without Specific Requirements for Degree of Difficulty(Table 12-5)

武术套路比赛无难度要求项目检录(评分记录)表

Scoresheet for Events without Specific Requirements for Difficulty

						Du co : (ii) / (u)		
		Duratio	Quality of Movements		0ver	call performance		
a–	Name/Event n of Perform ance		Deduction Code	Actual Score	Level	Deduction Code for Choreographical Errors	Actual Score	Т
<u> </u>		the Tech	nnical Committee of the	Internatio	onal Wushu	Federation Chies	f Registr	ar:
	Recorder:		Head Judge:					

Event: _____ Competition area No. ___ Round No. ___ Heat No. ___ Date: ___(m)/(d) ____

- Notes: 1. After collecting the small scoresheets submitted by the judges, the recorder should, according to the calculating methods of actual score as provided in the Regulations, keep a record of the deduction codes for quality of movements (Panel A), of the average points for overall performance (Panel B) and the deduction code for choreographical errors.
 - 2. In keeping these records, the sign of "/"may be used to separate numerals and marks, as in "10/30", " $\sqrt{}$ × " and "80/82".

六、武术套路比赛总成绩记录表(表 13)

3.6 Master Scoresheet for Taolu Competition (Table 13)

武术套路比赛总成绩记录表

Master Scoresheet for Taolu Competition

								Compet	ition Res	sults			
о.	Name		Chan	gquan Eve	ents		Na	anquan Evo	ents	Taij Eve	iquan nts	Dual	All- around
		Chang- quan	Daoshu	Jian- shu	Gun- shu	Qiang- shu	Nanquan	Nandao	Nangun	Taiji- quan	Taiji- jian	Event	
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													

- Note: 1. In recording a result, the score and placing may be put in the same square, to be separated by a slash "/" .
 - 2. The events and the number of participants may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

七、单项(对练、全能)录取名次表(表 14)

3.7 Ranking List of Individual (Dual and All-Around) Events (Table 14)

武术套路比赛单项(对练、全能)录取名次表

Placing List of Individual (Dual and All-Around) Events In Taolu Competition

EVENT		REMARK
-------	--	--------

PLACING	NAME	ASSOCIATION	RESULTS	
1st Place				
2nd Place				
3rd Place				
4th Place				
5th Place				
6th Place				
7th Place				
8th Place				

Note: The number of places may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

八、团体(集体)录取名次表(表 15)

3.8 Placing List of Group (Team) Events in Taolu Competition (Table 15)

武术套路比赛团体(集体)录取名次表

Placing List of Group (Team) Events in Taolu Competition

PLACING	ASSOCIATION	RESULTS	REMARK
1st Place			
2nd Place			
3rd Place			
4th Place			
5th Place			
6th Place			
7th Place			
8th Place			

Note: The number of places may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

九、比赛项目数统计表(表 16)

3.9 Statistics of Events in Taolu Competition (Table 16)

武术套路比赛项目数统计表

						Men'	s / Wo	omen'	s Ever	nts					
			Taijio	quan Ev	vents		Nanq	uan Ev	vents	Taiji Ever		_			
No.	Association	Chang- quan	Jian- shu	Dao- shu	Qiang- shu	Gun- shu	Nan- quan	Nan- dao	Nan- gun	Taiji- quan	Taiji- jian	Dui- lian	Group event	Total	Grand Total
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
	Total														

Statistics of Events in Taolu Competition

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Note: The events may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

十、参加人数统计表(表 17)

3.10 Statistics of Participants (Table 17)

参加人数统计表

Statistics of Participants

NO	ASSOCIATION	А	ATHLETES		COACHES			TEAM LEADERS			WORKING STAFF			GRAND
NO.	NO. ASSOCIATION		F	Total	М	F	Total	М	F	Total	М	F	Total	TOTAL
1														
2														
3														
4														
5														
6														

7							
10							

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Note: The number of participants may vary with the Regulations of different competitions.

第四节 成绩公布栏示意图

Event:
Starting Order: Competitor:
Association:
Deduction Code for Quality of Movements:
Actual Score for Quality of Movements:
Points of Grade of Overall performance:
Deduction Code for Choreographical Errors:
actual Score for Overall performance:
Confirmed Degree of Difficulty:
actual Score for Degree of Difficulty:
inal Score:

Section 4 Bulletin of Competition Results

Notes:

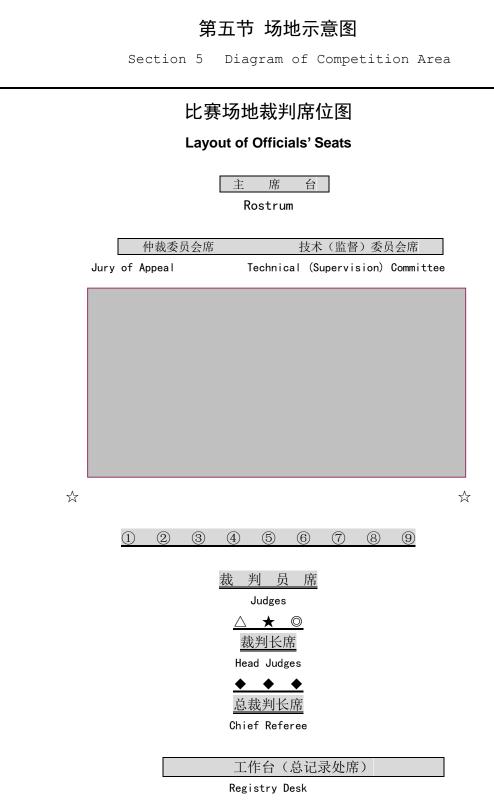
^{1.} The bulletin will be used when the computer scoring system is not available. The blanks will be filled by an additional announcer.

^{2.} The bulletin may be written on a board hung from a wall or put up on a tripod at the registry desk for the coaches and athletes to read and supervise.

^{3.} The codes for overall performance and choreographical errors may be written on the bulletin board

or on small cards to be stuck on it.

4. The confirmed degree of difficulty may be written on the bulletin board or indicated by magnetic buttons to be attached to it -- 3cm in diameter, and in red colour for confirmation and in blue colour for non-confirmation.



Notes:

1. The judges' seats are opposite to the rostrum and arranged into two rows, with the back row 40 cm higher than the front one, and the judges 50 cm apart from one another.

2. Among the judges' seats, ①、④ and ⑦ are for Panel A to deal with the quality of movements;
③、⑥ and ⑨ are for Panel B to deal with the overall performance; and ②、⑤ and ⑧ for Panel C to deal with the degree of difficulty.

3. The sign $\stackrel{\wedge}{\rtimes}$ stands for the video cameramen working for the Jury of Appeal; \bigstar for the head judge, \blacklozenge for the chief referee and assistant chief referees; \bigtriangleup for the computer operator, or for the recorder when no computer scoring system is available; and \bigcirc for the timekeeper at such a time.